Bedford Gazette.

BY GEO. W. BOWMAN. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. TERMS, $2 PER YEAR.

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Select Poetry.

[From the Rochester Democrat.]

BE GENTLE TO THY HUSBAND.

BY MRS. R. F. ENOS.

Be gentle to thy Husband,
Remember, all day long,
Amid the din and tumult,
He battles with the throng,

No wonder that the noble brow
Grows clouded with the care
That presses on his heart and hands
While he is struggling there.

And when the night has gathered home
The loved one to his rest;
Be gentle—if no smile appears,
There's sorrow in his breast.

'Tis true, you miss the welcome voice,
Whose tones are always kind,
And long to raise the cloud that casts
A shadow on his mind.

Yet, never fear, that through it all
Thy presence is not blest;
For like the sunshine, through the storm,
It brings sweet thoughts of rest.

And many times, when labor-tossed,
Thy gentle tones have come,
And made glad music in his heart,
"Thanks be for thee—and home."

Be sure, although he *speaks* it not,
Thou art the star, whose ray
Makes life, and love, and gildeth all
In life's dark, rugged way.

And so be ever gentle,
Kind words and deeds from thee
Do more toward making labor light,
Than ever thou could'st see.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1855.

G. W. Bowman, Editor and Proprietor.

Franklin County.

☞We copy the following amusing account of the late election in Franklin County from the Chambersburg *Whig* of the 17th inst. which we are satisfied will be read with interest by all into whose hands it may fall. It is both rich and spicy. Franklin county, it will be remembered, used to be styled the "*Green Spot*" of our opponents, from the fact that it gave so steady and uniform a large majority for the *whig ticket*—but Know Nothingism supplanted Mr. Whiggery before the old gentleman had *time to consider!*—and, lo! and behold! old Democracy, at the second trial, has taken possession of the strong citadel. This, however, was not owing to the *actual strength* of the *Democracy*, but to the bold, manly and patriotic manner in which a large body of the best Whigs in the county, under the lead of Col. A. K. M'CLURE, of the *Whig*, repudiated the "*mid-night Order*." Nothwithstanding the "Valley *Spirit*" is one of the most able and efficient papers in the old Keystone, always pouring a regular, steady, and sure fire into the ranks of the enemies of Democracy, yet the fact cannot be concealed that without the aid of Col. McClure Know-Nothingism must have triumphed in that county, a fact which no man will be more ready to concede than our friend COOPER, who is a man every inch of him.

After a careful review of the course taken by Col. M'C. in the last compaign, we most cheerfully forgive him for every harsh sentence or word he uttered against us in the bitteness of "political strife." We think it more than probable that if we had known each other better, we would both have omitted many harsh paragraphs we suffered to be sent abroad through the medium of our respective journals. Colonel, we wish you health, a long life, all the pleasures and comforts this world can afford, and great prosperity in all things when engaged in as good and as pure a cause as aiding to "crush out" an oath-bound secret political Society such as never before disgraced any party upon the face of the Globe. But we are greatly digressing. We simply intended to call the attention of our readers to the following well written and amusing article on the recent election in Franklin County:

An Election Night in Chambersburg.

The times that "tried men's soul's" are not peculiar to the days of the Revolution. This modern and progressive age is pregnant with trying events, and one stated period of delivery is the Second Tuesday of October each year—election day in Pennsylvania. This famous day came along this year at about the usual time.—The sun arose in the east as in by-gone days—shone with its accustomed splendor, and set in strict accordance with the almanac as the shades of night gathered around us. Golden leaves and chesnuts were abundant, as in the good old days of our fathers; and Captain Whiskey—that inveterate hero of many a gallant shot in the neck—was on hands in full martial costume, with the usual assortment of "snakes" and "bricks" for the pedestal and upper extremities of the public.

In a word, election day was here last week, and the political race-course had an extra nag on the track, popularly known as "SAM." He had tried his speed on the sly last year along the edges, and had performed some surprising feats in the way of helping old *vox populi* to make good time; and this year he had himself trained, lubricated, rubbed down and trotted out against the field. The stakes through all the heats were between him and Democracy, as the favorite old hero of many a brilliant triumph, known as Whiggery, had been stripped of his trappings and robbed of his fodder by the new competitor. Democracy was a little stiff from last year's drubbing, but it was discovered early in the day that he would have the benefit of some Whig riders, and bets ran even pretty much all the time between him and "SAM."

A jolly day was our election day. "SAM" and the Democracy had the polls to themselves and they contested the ground inch by inch, while the little rear-guard of Whiggery whittled their sticks and put in a jolly vote now and then between storms. "Hurrah for STUMBAUG." "Hur-r-r-r-a-h for WASHABAUGH."—"Hur-r-r-r-a-y for (hic) 'SAM,'" were the watch-words around the council fires, while "Hurrah for the Dimmicrats and (hic) GENERAL JACKSON" occasionally echoed along the Democratic ranks. The Whigs reserved their yelling for the next campaign. It was clip and cut and cut and clip all the day long. And when the polls closed the discreet of both sides retired to wait quietly for the result. "SAM," however, had engaged rather more than his share of "snakes," and he did extra yelling before the returns commenced coming in. If we asked the time of night, we were told that it was "just about—hurrah for STUMBAUGH." If we asked for the privilege of bringing our principe in contact with one of its ignited fellows, we were told "yes sir-ee—WASHABAUGH's (hic) elected." If we asked for returns we were told—"there's no doubt about it; the Eagle's *the* bird for me." The South Ward finally came in and "SAM" had out-done his expectations, whereupon a broadside of enthusiasm and eagles greeted us. Hamilton soon followed, and though a little below the council figures, the eagle still waved aloft. Guilford came next, and by a mistake in the informal count, "SAM" was more than himself again. "Hur-r-r-r-ah for STUMBAUGH," went up melodiously in the "stilly night." The North Ward was next on hands, and "Hurrah for WASHA—(hic) STUMBAUGH," broke upon our ears, and after some side-cheering, order and quiet resumed their sway. Occasionally some mellow voice would "Hurrah for (hic) ORR and the Dimmicrats," but the Democratic artillery was generally silent, and, at this stage or the action, hardly properly primed. Long and anxious was the suspense as Greenvillage, Fayetteville and St. Thomas tarried, and hurrahs were postponed, both sides resting on their arms, excepting an occasional hoarse, guttural sound breaking forth from both camps regardless of figures. Fayetteville finally came and "SAM" was awfully scotched, but he was declared still living, and away went hurrahs on both sides rather by way of keeping their courage up. Greenvillage was next on hands, and the council had missed its figures and over fifty votes were wanting.—"Hurrah for (hic) ORR" rather increased in volume and shortened the intervals, and it required a brave deciple of the eagle to raise a cheer, but some faint ones did go off nevertheless. Midnight had now stolen upon us, and we took advantage of the calm to reconnoitre the field. We tried every system of Arithmetic taught in our school boy days—subtraction, addition, compound addition and multiplication, but the Whig ticket wouldn't come out elected. We thought of vulgar fractions, but however adapted apparently to the case, they wouldn't win, and after a careful examination of the whig body politic, it was pronounced *dead*—DEAD!

The Whig death over we made a tour among the wounded. We found "SAM" at his head quarters a little drowsy, patching up the broken calculations and getting in monstrous returns (on paper) from the remaining districts. Hurrahs were now scarce on all sides. The Democracy we found like the Dutchman's milk "all lying around loose," with pencils, paper, and calculations flush, and big returns (on paper) from the remaining districts. Both camps had a due share of wounded—some in the neck, some in the Democracy and some in the Eagle, but all were on duty (mainly in the oyster-cellars trying to nullify the new license law on the ale-issue) and we returned to hang Whig crape on our office-door.

For two weary hours stillness reigned in Chambersburg. WASHABAUGH stricken off the hurrah list by consent of all parties.

Quincy next popped in with a terrible broadside—a perfect crusher—against the Democracy. "SAM" was forthwith jubilant and hardly even respectful to the bereaved relatives of the Whig party, and Democracy allowed "expressive silence" to muse the praise of the Eagle in Quincy. Next came Antrim, Washington and Mercersburg, and forthwith "SAM" was changed from joy to mourning. STUMBAUGH's seat at Harrisburg considered debatable, and "Hurrah for ORR" was unceasingly heard to burst upon the morning solitude. Another long and painful suspense followed, as the whole Valley was still to be heard from, and the race seemed to be neck and neck. Pencils, slips of paper, old election tables, &c., were again brought into requisition by all sides, and both parties always figured both parties out ahead. As the golden tinge of day was throwing its gentlest rays upon the far East, the Valley came in on an unromantic horse in the pocket of a muffled boy, and "Sam's" figures were fearfully curtailed by the official vote. "Hurrah for ORR" (all parties were now sober) now became rather common thunder, and each additional return only piled on the agony until about time for late morning bitters and breakfast, when STUMBAUGH was laid aside with WASHABAUGH among the spiked and otherwise damaged guns of the campaign. Thus were the chieftains of "SAM's forces (for the mass of the party fought almost exclusively for STUMBAUGH) placed in the list of killed, and when "SAM" had lost his head, few cared how many arms and legs had been saved whole. Early in the day the following apparently official orders were promulgated:

ORDER NUMBER ONE.

CORONER SENSENY.—You are hereby instructed to bury in some quiet and secluded spot, the remains of the late Whig party. That portion of it that has gone over to the Democrats can be allowed to shoot for future usefulness.

DEMOCRACY.

Oct. 10, 1855.

In accordance with the foregoing order, the *post-mortem* examination of Whiggery was had with due solemnity, and the funeral ceremonies brief but impressive in deploring silence, were disposed of at once.

No useless coffin enclosed its breast,
Nor in sheets, nor in shroud we bound it;
But it lay like a mud-turtle taking its rest
With "Sam" and Democracy around it.

We cannot vouch for the authenticity of the subjoined, but it is believed to be genuine.

ORDER NUMBER TWO.

Our garrison after sustaining an infernal fire from the allies, has been compelled to retire with the loss of our general officers, various privates shot in the neck, and an innumerable quantity of small arms. The field however is still redolent with "snakes" and "bricks" as the proud monuments of our bravery. The army will forthwith disband, blow up its fortifications and put out its council fires, as it cannot sustain another campaign on buncombe rations and crippled commanders. SAM

Oct. 10, 1855.

There was one jolly party on the field and that was the democracy. Thus closed an election night in Chambersburg, and the gray morning returned as usual, and the world wagged on as if innocent of Pennsylvania elections.

The Lord's Prayer.

A friend tells us an anecdote of Booth, the great tragedian, which we do not recollect having seen in print. It occurred in the palmy days of his fame, before the sparkle of his great black eye had been dimmed by that bane of Genius—strong drink. Booth and several of his friends had been invited to dine with an old gentleman in Baltimore of distinguished kindness, urbanity and piety. The host, though disapproving of theatres and theatre-going, had heard so much of Booth's remarkable powers, that curiosity to see the man had, in this instance, overcame all scruples and prejudice. After the entertainment was over, lamps lighted, and the company reseated in the drawing room, some one requested Booth, as a particular favor, and one which all present would, doubtless appreciate, to read aloud the Lord's Prayer. Booth expressed his ready willingness to afford them this gratification, and all eyes were turned expectantly upon him. Booth rose slowly and fervently from his chair. It was wonderful to watch the play of emotions that convulsed his countenance. He became deathly pale, and his eyes, turned tremblingly upward, were wet with tears. As yet he had not spoken. The silence could be felt. It became absolutely painful, until at last the spell was broken as by an electric stroke, as his rich toned voice, from white lips, syllabled forth, "Our Father who art in Heaven," &c., with a pathos and a fervid solemnity that thrilled all hearts. He had finished. The silence continued. Not a voice was heard nor a muscle moved in his rapt audience, until from a remote corner of the room, a subdued sob was heard, and the old gentleman (their host) stepped forward with streaming eyes and tottering frame, and seized Booth by the hand. "Sir," said he, in broken accents, "you have afforded me a pleasure for which my whole future life will feel grateful. I am an old man, and every day, from boyhood to the present time, I thought I had repeated the Lord's Prayer, but I have never heard it before, *never*."

"You are right," replied Booth; "to read that prayer as it *should* be read has cost me the severest study and labor for thirty years, and I am far from being yet satisfied with my reading of that wonderful production. Hardly one person in ten thousand comprehends what beauty, tenderness and grandeur can be condensed in a space so small and words so simple. That prayer of itself sufficiently illustrates the truth of the Bible, and stamps upon it the seal of Divinity."

"So great was the effect produced, (says our informant, who was present,) that the conversation was sustained but a short time longer in subdued monosyllables, and almost entirely ceased; and soon after, at an early hour the company broke up, and retired to their several homes, with sad faces and full hearts."—*Chicago Tribune.*

THE PRAYER OF THE REV. JNO. CHAMBERS.—We have been informed, by a gentleman who heard the prayer made by the Rev. John Chambers, in Independence Square, on the occasion of the Masonic procession, that for fervid patriotism, and Christian sublimity, it has never been excelled. We recommend the portion given below, as repeated to us from memory, to the members of the Know-Nothing Order, and all who aid or abet that proscriptive body of men:

"We beseech Thee, Omnipotent Jehovah, thou great Architect of the Universe, to protect, guard and perpetuate the temple of liberty in this our happy land. Continue to admit within its portals the stranger and the exile, who approach it with garments dripping with the chilly dew of other and less favored climes. Cause love and charity to glow and fructify in our hearts for suffeing humanity throughout the world.

SOMEBODY says a wife should be like roasted lamb—tender and nicely dressed. Somebody else wickedly adds, "and without sauce!"

Official Returns of Bedford County, 1855.

DISTRICTS.	Auditor. Geo. W. Smith.	Auditor. Ewd. Pearson.	Canal Com. T. Nicholson.	Canal Com. A. Pleamer.	Assembly. Wm. W. Kirk.	Assembly. R. S. Alexander.	Assembly. G. N. Smith.	Assembly. J. Bernhard.	Treasurer. David Overholt.	Treasurer. Isaac Mengel.	Commissioner. Wm. Whetstone.	Commissioner. T. W. Horton.	P. Director. Geo. D. Shuck.	P. Director. Henry Wertz.	Coroner. A. P. Fields.	Coroner. A. Fields.
Bedford Borough,	65	67	121	121	66	65	123	123	66	121	69	119	118	71	119	119
Bedford Township,	166	166	127	127	165	165	126	126	164	128	166	127	128	165	126	126
Broadtop,	23	23	40	40	23	23	40	40	23	40	30	33	40	23	40	40
Colerain,	114	114	92	92	116	116	91	91	114	87	115	79	93	113	92	92
Cumberland Valley,	148	148	11	11	148	148	11	11	148	11	148	11	11	147	11	11
Harrison,	48	48	60	60	48	48	60	60	48	60	48	60	60	48	60	60
Hopewell,	43	43	98	98	44	44	97	97	43	98	44	97	98	43	98	96
Juniata,	113	113	84	84	113	113	84	84	113	80	113	84	84	114	83	84
Liberty,	58	58	42	42	58	58	42	42	58	42	62	36	36	57	41	41
Londonderry,	49	49	45	45	49	49	45	45	49	45	49	45	45	49	45	45
Monroe,	97	97	86	86	97	97	86	86	97	86	97	86	86	97	86	86
Napier,	111	111	123	123	111	111	123	123	111	123	111	123	123	111	123	123
Providence, East,	35	35	144	144	35	35	144	144	35	144	35	144	144	35	144	144
Providence, West,	64	64	149	149	64	63	149	149	65	147	64	146	150	63	149	149
Schellsburg Borough,	46	42	33	33	42	42	33	33	44	28	45	29	29	45	29	29
Southampton,	130	131	131	46	131	131	46	46	130	47	130	47	47	130	47	47
St. Clair,	100	100	180	181	100	100	181	181	100	181	100	181	180	100	180	180
Union,	99	99	122	122	99	99	122	122	99	122	99	122	122	99	122	122
Woodberry, Middle,	85	84	132	132	84	84	131	132	87	130	84	131	131	85	131	131
Woodberry, South,	83	83	61	61	83	83	61	61	84	60	83	61	61	83	61	61
Total,	1677	1676	1791	1673	1792	1793			1678	1729	1692	1761	1786	1678	1791	1691
		1772														

The Democrats did not consider it right that a Coroner should be elected whilst Mr. Moss, the gentleman elected last fall for the term of three years, is still performing the duties of the office.

From the Correspondence of the London Times.

Horrible Scenes Within Sebastopol.

"Of all the pictures of the horrors of war which have been presented to the world the hospital of Sebastopol presents the most horrible, heartrending, and revolting. It cannot be described, and the imagination of a Fuseli could not conceive anything at all like unto it. How the poor human body can be mutilated and yet hold its soul within, when every limb is shattered, and every vein and artery is pouring out the life stream, one might study here at every step, and at the same time wonder what little will kill. The building used as a hospital is one of the noble piles inside the dock-yard wall, and is situated in the centre of the row, at right angles to the line of the Redan.

"The whole row was peculiarly exposed to the action of shot and shell bounding over the Redan, and to the missiles directed at the Barrack Battery, and it bears, in sides, roofs, windows, and doors, frequent and destructive proofs of the severity of the cannonade. Entering one of these doors I beheld such a sight as few men, thank God, have ever witnessed! In a long low room, supported by square pillars, arched at the top, and dimly lighted through shattered and unglazed window-frames, lay the wounded Russians who had been abandoned to our mercies by their general. The wounded did I say? No, but the dead, the rotten and festering corpses of the soldiers, who were left to die in their extreme agony untended, uncared for, packed as close as they can be stowed, some on the floor, others on wretched trestles and bedsteads, or pallets of straw, sopped and saturated with blood, which oozed and trickled through upon the floor, mingled with the droppings of corruption.

"With the roar of exploding fortresses in their ears, with shell and shot forcing through the roof and sides of the room in which they lay, with the crackling and hissing of fire around them, these poor fellows who had served their loving friend and master the Czar but too well, were consigned to their terrible fate.—Many might have been saved by ordinary care. Many lay, yet alive, with maggots crawling about their wounds. Many, nearly mad by the scene around them, or seeking escape from it in their extremest agony, had rolled away under the beds, and glared out on the heart-stricken spectators—Oh! with such looks. Many, with legs and arms broken and twisted, the jagged splinters sticking through the raw flesh, implored aid, water, food, or pity, or, deprived of speech by the approach of death, or by dreadful injuries on the head and trunk, pointed to the lethal spot.

"Many seemed bent alone on making their peace with Heaven. The attitudes of some were so hideously fantastic as to appal and root one to the ground by a sort of dreadful fascination. Could that bloody mass of clothing and white bones ever have been a human being, or that burnt black mass of flesh have ever been a human soul? It was fearful to think what the answer must be. The bodies of numbers of men were swollen and bloated to an incredible degree, and the features distended to a gigantic size, with eyes protruding from the sockets, and the blackened tongue lolling out of the mouth, compressed tightly by the teeth which had set upon it in the death rattle, made one shudder and reel round.

"In the midst of one of these 'chambers of horrors'—for there were many of them—were found some dead and some living English soldiers, and among them poor Captain Vaughan, of the 90th, who has since succumbed to his wounds. I confess it was impossible for me to stand the sight, which horrified our most experienced surgeons—the deadly, clammy stench, the smell of gangrened wounds, of corrupted blood, of rotten flesh, were intolerable and odious beyond endurance. But what must the wounded have felt who were obliged to endure all this, and who passed away without a hand to give them a cup of water, or a voice to say one kindly word to them.

"Most of these men were wounded on Saturday—many perhaps on the Friday before; indeed, it is impossible to say how long they might have been there. In the hurry of their retreat, the Muscovites seem to have carried in dead men to get them out of the way, and to have put them upon pallets in horrid mockery. So that this retreat was secured the enemy cared but little for the wounded. On Monday only did they receive those whom we sent out to them during a brief armistice for the purpose, which was, I believe, sought by ourselves, as our overcrowded hospitals could not contain, and our overworked surgeons could not attend to any more.

"The Great Redan was next visited. Such a scene of wreck and ruin! All the houses behind it a mass of broken stones—a clock turret, with a shot right through the clock—a pagoda in ruins—another clock tower with all the clocks destroyed save the dial, with the words 'Barwise, London,' thereon: cook-houses, where human blood was running among the utensils; in one place a shell had lodged in the boiler and blown it and its contents, and probably its attendants to pieces; everywhere wreck and destruction. This evidently was a *beau quartier* once.

"The oldest inhabitant could not recognize it now. Climbing up the Redan, which was fearfully cumbered with the dead, we witnessed the scene of the desperate attack and defence which cost both sides so much blood.—The ditch outside made one sick; it was piled up with English dead, some of them scorched and blackened by the explosion and others lacerated beyond recognition. The quantity of broken gabions and gun carriages here was extraordinary: the ground was covered with them. The bomb proofs were the same as in the Malakoff, and in one of them a music book was found, with a woman's name in it, and a canary bird and vase of flowers were outside the entrance."

Death in the Midst of Life.

This is the title of a sermon delivered by Dr. Doane, Bishop of New Jersey, on the Sunday following the terrible catastrophe on the Camden and Amboy Railroad. The opening, which we quote, discloses some personal incidents of painful interest.

It is related of the distinguished Robert Hall, that having written a funeral sermon from the words "In the midst of life we are in death," he searched the Bible to find the place to announce them from, and wondered that he could not. They are in that which is only not the Bible, the Book of Common Prayer, and if not Scripture, were conceived and born of it. I venture the opinion that they have been uttered from more hearts within the last four days than any other sentence in our language. And I have been so perfectly possessed with it myself, that it must be the theme, although it may not be the text, of what I say to you this morning. "In the midst of life we are in death."

You all remember how beautiful a day was Wednesday. We may suppose such weather constantly in Paradise. I spent the morning on our unsurpassed Green Bank with two friends, one of more than thirty years, who had come to put their children at the college. They left me with their little son, in the most perfect enjoyment of all that makes up life, to return to their homes in New York. In less than an hour I heard of all that had happened on the railroad. I thought at once of them, and rather flew than run to find their mangled bodies. God had preserved them perfectly uninjured.

There came to me, from Boston, twenty years ago, a young man (Edward G. Prescott, Esq.,) who had early taken a high stand at the bar.—He was of patriot name; the very blood of Bunker Hill. His father had adorned the bench. His brother had not been surpassed, as a historian, in modern times. He had lived carelessly and away from God. But his heart had been touched. It had melted under the gospel. It yearned to preach to others the unsearchable riches which had been more than rubies to itself. And he asked me to receive him as a candidate for holy orders. I did. There are many here who must remember him. He studied faithfully and well. He was ordained. He went to Salem as minister of the parish. He was most acceptable as a preacher: and, as a pastor, most devoted. He married as lovely a woman as ever lived. His life was filled to over flowing with the double tide of usefulness and happiness.

But "this is not our rest." His health failed. He sought in vain its restoration. He went to sea. He died on board the ship. He left a widow without children. Possessed of a handsome fortune, and what is better, with a sense that it was not her own, she was another Dorcas, in the "good works and the alms-deeds which she did." At ten o'clock on Wednesday she started, with her dear friends, upon a tour of health and recreation. And, in little more than an hour, had yielded up her soul to God. Is it not true, "that in the midst of life we are in death?" Do we or can we know "what shall be on the morrow?" Which one of us might not have been in that disastrous train? Which one of us might not have been of that dead company which filled our streets with coffins, and hung our houses and our hearts with sackcloth.

My brethren, there can need no preacher to bring this mournful Providence home to our heart of hearts. Those nearing trains. The signal to break up. The carriage on the track. The crash. The crush. Car mounted upon car. Car rushing through the midst of car. The cloud of dust. The storm of splinters. The groan. The shriek. The wail. The wounded. The mutilated. The crushed. The torn asunder. The buried alive. The fearful row upon the bank. The hurt. The dying. The dead. Our public houses filled with the maimed and mangled. Our public halls a receiving vault for unknown corpses. Our private houses so many hospitals. Every man a servant. Every woman a nurse. Through the whole day business checked. The social currents all directed to one point. Not an act, not a word, not a thought, but of the wounded, of the dying, of the dead. The very centre of our city a choked grave-yard. There is no human eloquence, that is not beggared by such sermons as that scene preached to every heart. God spoke, and man was still. "In the midst of life," all felt,—"in the midst of life—we are in death."

THE VICTORY.—The Louisville Times states, as an incident of the mob in that city, the following:

"A woman who attempted to save her husband, was pitched down stairs, breaking her neck and limbs so that she died. The mob, finding their game scarce, set the torch to the houses; the women fled—one who was fleeing with a young infant in her arms, was followed by a hard-hearted wretch, who, coming up, put the muzzle of the weapon to the child's head, fired, and bespattered its brains over its mother's arms!"

VERMONT.—In the Legislature of Vermont two amendments to the Constitution have been reported, and the council has indicated a determination to recommend their adoption. The first provides for biennial sessions of the Legislature; the other for the election of Secretary of State, Auditor of accounts, Bank Commissioner, and Register of Probate by the people.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1855.

G. W. Bowman, Editor and Proprietor.

☞The following is the official vote for Canal Commssioner. PLUMER'S majority is 11,536. Making a change of nearly 50,000 since last fall:

Official Vote of Canal Commissioner in 1855.

	A Plumer.	T. Nicholson,
Adams,	1784	1679
Allegheny,	6740	5877
Armstrong,	1633	2149
Beaver,	1334	1090
Bedford,	1677	1791
Berks,	6948	3264
Blair,	1465	2392
Bradford,	2476	4173
Bucks,	5328	4123
Butler,	2182	2582
Cambria,	2063	1437
Carbon,	1187	519
Centre,	1851	2033
Chester,	4469	4668
Clarion,	2154	1508
Clearfield,	1409	1013
Clinton,	934	996
Columbia,	1736	984
Crawford,	2015	2991
Cumberland,	2399	2660
Dauphin,	2031	3021
Delaware,	1487	1682
Elk,	350	236
Erie,	1698	2113
Fayette,	2620	2312
Franklin,	2411	2860
Fulton,	822	609
Greene,	1997	1393
Huntingdon,	1196	1920
Indiana,	667	2315
Jefferson,	1039	1013
Juniata,	837	1023
Lancaster,	5099	5301
Lawrence,	854	1197
Lebanon,	1865	2256
Lehigh,	3394	2633
Luzerne,	3957	3571
Lycoming,	2266	2031
M'Kean,	265	455
Mercer,	1635	1898
Mifflin,	1310	1382
Monroe,	1327	531
Montgomery,	5207	3573
Montour,	920	438
Northampton,	3738	2443
Northumberland,	1983	1011
Perry,	1332	1539
Phila. city & co.,	28284	25770
Pike,	614	64
Potter,	436	634
Schuylkill,	5012	1175
Somerset,	1481	2050
Snyder,	819	1090
Susquehanna,	1579	2164
Sullivan,	347	292
Tioga,	1381	1723
Union,	793	1500
Venango,	1501	1468
Warren,	717	958
Washington,	3182	3214
Wayne,	1594	1420
Westmoreland,	3547	3200
Wyoming,	529	794
York,	5383	4501
TOTAL	161281	149745

☞The following able, eloquent, and manly defence of the Supreme Court, (by the Editor of the Philadelphia *News*, the most prominent *Whig* and K. N. paper in that city,) in the WILLIAMSON case, will attract universal attention and interest. Here is a warm political opponent of the members of the Court, giving a plain history of this case which is alike creditable to his head and his heart. We ask our opposition friends to read it carefully, and then say, with such disinterested testimony before them, if they can approve the idle clamor propagated by the Abolitionists, who are endeavoring to sow the seeds of anarchy and bloodshed, by getting up an *inflammatory excitement* in favor of this violator of the laws of his country. Some of the *Professional* gentlemen who delight in styling the Supreme Court *Doughfaces*, and many other such *dignified* terms, should read it and blush for the perpetration of such gross indecency and vulgarity against the highest Court in the Commonwealth. If this article came from a Democratic paper, it would only have the effect that usually comes from *partizan* articles—but, with such a clear and lucid statement coming from the boldest and ablest champanion of the Whig and Know-Nothing cause in Pennsylvania, can any man doubt that Williamson is indebted to his own criminal conduct for the position in which he now finds himself. But read the article. Here it is:

From the Daily News, Sept. 18.

The Passmore Williamson Case.

We publish, in another column, a communication from an esteemed correspondent, in reply to some editorial remarks we took occasion to make in relation to the decision of the Supreme Court in the Williamson case. Our correspondent does not relish those remarks, though he does not pretend "to gainsay the law of the case as laid down by a majority of the Court;" and conceding that point, as we understand him to do, we feel at a loss to know why he should find fault with our remarks on the subject. In the article referred to, we confined ourselves to the case as it was presented to the Supreme Court for its decision. Satisfied that that tribunal had no jurisdiction over it, and that it could not, without arrogating to itself the exercise of unauthorized and unwarranted power, step in between Williamson and Kane, and release the former from the clutches of the latter—satisfied of this we did not hesitate to express our approbation of the decision of the Court, and commend the judges for a faithful discharge of their duties. This was the utmost of our remarks. We neither expressed any admiration for nor commendation of Judge Kane's conduct. Nor did we say aught condemnatory of Passmore Williamson. All we meant to do, and we believe did, was to express our approval of the decision of the Supreme Court, and Commendation of the fearless and independent conduct of the Judges, in doing what they believed to be their duty, instead of playing the part of political weathercocks, and disregarding law to pander to public sympathies and prejudices; and as our correspondent, who is himself a good lawyer, does not pretend to deny the correctness of that decision, but, inferrentially at least, admits its correctness, he can have little cause to find fault with our remarks.

But, it appears, he did not like our remarks because they were, in his opinion, "highly complimentary of the Judges of the Supreme Court for their firmness," &c. This, it seems, was the extent of our offending in his opinion. Whether those remarks were "highly complimentary," or not, we are content to leave to the judgment of our readers. Admitting that they were commendatory of the firmness of the judges, all admitting it must concede that to that extent they could have been no more than just. Though the Judges did no more than their duty, they did it fearlessly and manfully, and that, too, under circumstances well calculated to excite their sympathy, and to swerve them from a rigid and faithful adherence to the law as it is, for which they deserve public commendation rather than censure, and as an independent and impartial journalist, we did not hesitate to award them their due.—We spoke of their decision, of the conclusion at which they had arrived, and not of the process of reasoning or the language employed by Judge Black in making that decision. There are many views expressed in that written opinion with which we do not concur; we may go further, and say, there are some sentiments expressed in it to which we cannot and do not subscribe. It is but due to candor, however, to admit that among these is not the one embodied in the concluding paragraph of the opinion of the Court, to which our correspondent refers. To the verity and justness of that sentiment we fully subscribe, all the indignant outburst of logic and declamation of our correspondent to the contrary notwithstanding.

Say what our correspondent may, he fails to disprove the assertion of Judge Black. Passmore Williamson *does* carry the key in his own pocket whereby he may release himself from prison, if he sees proper to do so. We will not here follow the process of reasoning employed by our correspondent, and enter upon an inquiry as to the truth of what he assumes, that Williamson did make a truthful return, and that he cannot amend that return without an implied, if not express acknowledgment that his first return was false. Suffice it for us now to say, that a man may be guilty of falsehood by a suppression of truth as well as the expression of falsehood: and that Williamson did not, in his sworn return, state the truth, and the *whole truth*, it does not become him now to higgle or hesitate about correcting that return, and make one that will disclose all the knowledge he has in relation to the matter. Instead of halting and hesitating about doing so, because that might subject him to the imputation of not having acted properly in the first instance, he should as an honest man only consult duty, that duty which he owes to himself and to the laws of the country.

It is true, then, as Judge Black observes, he does carry the key with him, whereby he may unlock the bolts and bars of the prison, unless it be assumed, as does our correspondent, that he made a clean breast in the outstart, and disclosed all the knowledge he has on the subject in his original return: but this, in the face of all the evidence already disclosed, would be going farther than our candor permits. The quibble that there can be no property in slaves in this State, and that he therefore never had in his possession the property claimed by Wheeler, will not suffice as a justification for the return made by him. It was not for him to decide whether Wheeler could claim and hold those slaves as property or not, nor for him to assume that because he did not regard them as property that he never had in his possession such refugees from service. His duty was to answer the writ of *habeas corpus* as commanded, either by bringing the persons claimed into the Court, or by a sworn return disclosing all the knowledge he had on the subject, Passmore Williamson has no one to thank but himself for the difficulties in which he now finds himself. Had he minded his own business, and let other people unmolested attend to theirs, he might now be enjoying the pleasures of his family circle at his own fire-side, and find enough within a stones-throw around him deserving of charity and acts of benevolence, to engage all the means he has to spare for purposes of that kind, and all the time his business engagement would allow him to devote to so noble a cause. Instead of looking around him at home to do good, where in the exercise of charity and benevolence would have threatened him, he choose the hazardous and less laudable undertaking of interfering with the rights of others, and having done so with a full knowledge of the responsibilities attached to his conduct, he can blame himself only for the awkward predicament in which he is now placed.

As for the conduct of Judge Kane we shall have more on another occasion to say. Our remarks are already extended to too great length to express our views fully in relation to him.—Let it therefore, be sufficient for the present to say, that we have no doubt the court over which he presides had jurisdiction in the premises, and he had therefore lawful authority to issue the writ prayed for by Colonel Wheeler. Believing this, it follows, of course, that we regard it to have been the duty of Williamson to make a full and complete return, disclosing by an unvarnished statement, under oath, all the facts of which he had any knowledge, and that, on failing to do so, he committed a grievous mistake, and exhibited a spirit of defiance to the judicial tribunal before which he had been summoned to answer, that no law and order-loving citizen ever should exhibit, or can consistently justify. So far, then, we regard Williamson in the wrong—wholly in the wrong to meddle in a business which it did not concern, and again equally in the wrong in not disclosing unreservedly all the knowledge, as he was legally bound to do, he had in relation to the transaction.

☞Our paper this week is unusually full of advertisements. Many interesting aticles are held back for our next issue.

Anecdote of a Sheep.

Anecdotes of animals are always amusing; and moreover, if observed accurately and told without embellishment, may some day serve to solve a great problem in philosophy—the distinction, namely, between the spirit of man that goeth upwards, and the spirit of a beast that goeth downward to the earth—a problem that the great Bishop Butler could not solve, and left a blemish in his argument but a monument to his candor. The subject of the one I am going to tell happened many years ago, when I was an urchin of eight or ten, but I remember it well.

One fine summer morning it was my province to aid in driving a flock of sheep to the brook, to be washed, preparatory to shearing. The man who had charge of them led the procession with the salt dish in hand, in which he ostentatiously rattled some lumps of salt, and from time to time made pretense of throwing a handful on the ground, to draw the flock onward from place to place, while I followed to drive up the loiterers.

The old patriarch of the troop, a fine old buck, led the van of the quadrupeds, and carefully examined every spot where the false motion of throwing salt was made, till he was fully satisfied in his mind that no salt was deposited. He then paused, shook his head with its ample honors, and waiting till the shepherd was about a rod in advance charged upon him from the rear with his whole momentum, fairly raising him off his feet. I saw, and from the first comprehended the manœuvre, but there was so much fun in it, it was impossible to give the alarm; and when the man turned to "blow me up" for my tacit complicity, I was rolling on the green sward in a convulsion of laughter so contagious he was forced to join in it, and let me off without a rebuke.

Will it do to attribute to so simple an animal as a sheep, so high a moral sentiment as indignation at deceit? Perhaps not; we may at least make the "practical inference" that those having charge of flocks cannot securely lead them long with mere occasional handfuls of—wind.—*Church Journal.*

A BALLOON IN A THUNDERSTORM—WONDERFUL ESCAPE FROM DEATH.—It was announced some days ago that Mons. Godard, Col. Latham and Messis. Hoal, Crippen and Belman ascended in a balloon at Cincinnati on Monday. It appears they encountered a violent thunderstorm in the clouds, which drove the balloon on, it is stated, at the rate of 70 miles an hour, and that they attained an attitude of 17.450 feet. Mr. Belman thus describes their descent after dark and during the storm:—

Suddenly we felt our car rushing over the tops of trees, crashing and tearing the limbs as the balloon was driven along. Mons. G. gave us the valve rope, and mounting the side of the car, he ordered us to hold fast. In another moment we landed in a cornfield, and by the force of the wind we were dragged and bumped along the ground a distance of half a mile; now through a fence; then striking a stump of a tree, or whirling through the corn stalks at a fearful velocity; our heads rapped each other, and not unfrequently we saw stars all around. Up and down we went, when the car struck a tree, and Mons. Godard was hurled to the ground a distance of 30 feet; the next moment we were crashing against a tall stump of a tree, when Col. Latham and Mr. Hoal were thrown with great violence from the basket, the former on the back of his neck and shoulders, and the latter on his breast.—Mr. Crippen and myself were left alone in the car. Mr. Crippen obeying instructions to keep in the bottom of the car, and I holding with all my might to the valve-rope, pu we mounted. Fortunately we dashed into the limbs of a tall dead tree, and in an instant tree, balloon, car and æronauts were flat on the ground. Mons. G. had his lip badly cut, and the flesh lacerated on one of his limbs; Col. Latham an ankle sprained, head, shoulders and body generally bruised; Mr. Hoal his breast crushed in, three ribs broken and otherwise badly bruised; Mr. Crippen his head and neck "skewed," and generally scratched and bruised. I was bruised somewhat, but not materially injured.

ELOPEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.—The Hillsborough correspondent of the St. Louis Republican says:

An elopement of the most extraordinary character took place on or about the 7th inst. at the Sulphur Springs landing. From all that I can glean from the flying reports in circulation, the facts are about these: A fiend in the shape of a Doctor, by the name of Cheatham, came to the Sulphur Springs to hunt a location as a practising physician. Being short of means and a stranger, he was taken under the fostering care of Mr. Bond, a merchant of that place, who gave him the hospitalities of his house, having the utmost confidence in the Doctor, and still more in his beloved wife, and considering her not only free from crime, but above suspicion. What must have been his feelings, to find the wife of his bosom had eloped with the base deceiver, who wound her like a serpent in his fatal coil. She will regret the day she was induced to leave her once happy home, and desert a fond and loving husband.

HOW ARCTIC EXPLORERS PASS THEIR TIME.—The steward on board the Advance (the vessel abandoned by Dr. Kane) gives his experience of life in the Arctic regions after this fashion:

"Life on shipboard was regular and orderly. There was a time for everything, and everything was in its place. Captain Kane and the officers were untiring in the discharge of the duties of their posts, and the men appeared contented and hearty. The ship was abundantly provisioned, and the diet was wholesome and various. At seven bells, or about 7½ o'clock in the morning, all hands turned out. Breakfast was taken at eight. The duties of the ship were then performed: the decks were cleansed, and things were put in order for the day. Sledge parties were then apportioned, for the sake of exercise, and short trips were made in different directions, for two or three miles. By the time the parties had all returned to the ship it was nearly noon. At four bells—2 o'clock—dinner was served.—After this there was nothing to do, except to read, talk, laugh, if there was anything to laugh at, keep warm and be jolly. Another meal presently followed, and at 9 to 10 o'clock at night the ship and all in it were silent; the lights, except those above deck, were extinguished, and the watches were set. This, with very slight variations, was the regular routine on board the ship during the whole period of nearly two years."

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Valuale Real Estate.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will expose to public sale, on the primises on Wednesday, the th14 day of Nov., 1855, the following described real estate situate in Colerain Township, viz:—

A lot or piece of ground containing six acres or thereabouts, and having thereon erected a log Frame House, Frame Stable, &c., adjoining lands of Henry P. Diehl, George Feight, s heirs and others, late the property of Isaac Bengaman, deceased.

☞Terms: CASH at the confirmation of the sale on the 19th of Novemper, 1855

HENRY P. DIEHL,
WILLIAM ENGLAND,
Administrators of the estate of Isaac Bengaman, deceased.

Sept. 14, 1855.—4t

SELLING OFF AT COST.

Mrs. S. E. POTTS

Would respectfully announce to the Ladies of Bedford and vicinity, that she has just opened a large and elegant assortment of all the new styles of

Ladies Dress Goods,

and as she is compelled to remove her store, she is determined, rather than move her goods, to sell off at cost. Among a large and splendid assortment of goods, may be found the following articles:

Dresses and Mantillas,
Super black and Fancy Silks,
Super late style of ladies cloaks,
A fine lot of satin and velvet bonnets,
Cloaks, Mantles, and Talmers,
Furs of all description, and all prices,
Morenoes from 25 cts up
Shawls, brochea, woolen, and blank,
French Chintzes and Ginghams,
Plain and emb'd Swiss Muslins,
Fringes, Gimps, and Laces,
Buttons, Braids and Cords,
A rich assortment of Ribbons,
Collars, Sleeves, and Chemizetts,
Edgings and Insertings,
A full supply of Mourning Goods,
Best Kid Gloves of all colors,
Handsome lot of ladiee shoes,
Good Muslins for 6¼ cts.

The special attention of the Ladies is solicited to the very large assortment just received, and offered at low prices for quality.

Bedford, Oct 26, 1855.

WANTED at Reed's Colonade Store.—Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, and Buckwheat—also all other approved produce, in exchange for goods at cash prices.

MORE NEW GOODS Just received at Reed's Colonade Store, consisting of Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans, Wool-plaids, Mouslin de laines, Coburgs, Prints, &c., &c.

HATS AND CAPS.—New style Hungarian Hats, Drab and Pearl, Men and Boys Blue Navy Caps just received by express at Reed's Colonade Store.

Oct. 26, 1855.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, to distribute the money in the hands of William Smith, administrator of George Smith, deceased, will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of November, 1855, when and where all persons can attend if they see proper.

JNO. P. REED, *Auditor.*

Oct. 26, 1855.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, to distribute the monies due Samuel H. Ake, being his interest in the Estate of Jos. B. Ake, deceased, falling due after death of Widow upon recognizances, and upon real estate sold by Administrators, to and amongst creditors, will attend to his duties at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on TUESDAY, the 13th day of November, 1855, at 10 o'clock, A. M. when and where all persons interested can attend.

JNO. P. REED, *Auditor.*

Oct. 26, 1855.

NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas in and for Bedford county, to distribute the funds in the hands of Hugh Moore, Esq., Sheriff of Bedford County, raised upon sale of the personal property of Solomon Filler, deceased, to and amongst executive and other creditors, will attend to his duties under said appointment, on TUESDAY the 13th day of November, 1855, at one o'clock, P. M., at his office in the Borough of Bedford, when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper.

JNO. P. REED, *Auditor.*

Oct. 26, 1855.

STRAY STEER.

Came to the premises of the subscriber living in Coleram Township, about the first of Sept. last, a dark Steer, with the left ear partly off, with slit in it supposed to be a dog bite, hind legs partly white, supposed to be about 3 years old, no other mark. The owner will come, pay charges, and take him away.

SAMUEL DEAL.

Oct. 26, 1855.

Stray Heifer.

Came to the premises of the subscriber living in St. Clair township, on the 1st of September last, a white and red spotted heifer, cropp of the left ear; no other mark; supposed a year and six months old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, and take her away.

WM. SLEEK.

Oct. 26, 1855.

Turnpike Election.

An election will be held at the office of the Pattonsville and Woodberry Turnpike Road Company, in Woodberry, on Monday the 5th day of November next, for the purpose of electing one *President*, five Managers and one Secretary, for the ensuing year.

G. R. BARNDOLLAR,
President.

Oct. 26, 1855.

Important Notice.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the late firm of Rupp & Oster, are respectfully and most earnestly requested to call and settle up without delay.

Oct. 26, 1855.

Notice for Teachers.

The Board of Directors of Common Schools, of Monroe Township, Bedford County, Pa., wishes to employ from ten to twelve School-teachers, at a salary of from 16 to 20 dollars per month, according to their qualifications. Persons wishing to be employed, and having a certificate from the county Superintendent, are requetsed to call forthwith at

SAMUEL SNIVELY'S,
Clearville.

Oct. 26, 1855.*

NOTICE.

The stockholders of the Hopewell and Bloody Run Plank Road and Turnpike road Company, are hereby notified that an election for one President five Managers and one Treasurer, will be held at the Court House in the Borough of Bedford, on Monday, the 5th day of November next. Subscribers can vote for officers either in person or by proxy, provided the first instalment of one dollar per share shall have been paid previous to said election.

David Brailler, M. M. Peeples, Wm. Hartley, J. R. Ashcum, Alex. King, John King, Thos. W. Horton, John Dasher, George Washart, Thos. H. Murray, W. P. Schell.

Commisssoners.

Oct. 26, 1855.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEFORD COUNTY.

Whereas, George F. Riddle, Assignee of the estate of Isreal and Simon Appenhimer, did on the 31st day of August, 1855, file in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the said county, his account as Assignee of said estate.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of said Isreal and Simon Appenhimer, and all others interested in said estate, that the Honorable Judges of said Court have appointed Friday, the 23d day of November next, for the hearing of the same, at which time and place they may attend if they think proper.

Witness the Hon. F. M. Kimmell, President Judge of said Court on the 22d day of October, A. D. 1855.

D. WASHABAUGH, Proth'y.

Oct. 26, 1855.

List of Causes

Put down for Trial at November Term (20th day) 1855.

Jos S Morrison admr vs.	John Folck
Cath Sands use	Moses Wisegarver
David C M'Cormick	Abraham Moses
J F Fox admr	Daniel Logan
Aaron Donnelson	John Griffith
Geo. Troutman	Robert Adams et al
Peter Brant	S M Barclays admr
Same	Same
Jesse O'Neal	Stephen Riddinger
Pattonsville & Woodberry T R C	James Patton
Same	Thos King et al
John Herr for use	J W Beeler
Henry Beegle	George Beegle
John Cessna	Peter Arnold
A K Galbraith	Wm. Galbraith exer.
Samuel Corle	John Alstadt "Garnishee"
George Harker	Eli Croft et al
John Bridges	Samuel Drenning
H V Bramwell	A B Maddan
M A Baird et al	S H Tate Esq
Elias Bute	Abraham Snowden
Mary Davis	J H Harbaugh
Levi Fluck	Conrad Imler
Same	Same
"	"
Charles Bayman	D B Troutman
Abraham Lehman	S M Barclay's admr.
J M Reynolds	Same
Samuel Barnhart	Walter Shriver et al
Samuel Drenning	Wm Deremore et al
John Linday	Duncan McVicker et al
C Stouffer's assignees	A R Galbraith
George Oats	Isaac Hill
Luke Feeny	James Dunn
J H Adams	Jared Hanks
Mary A Dobson	Moses Wisegarver & Wife
Jacob Studebaker	A W Shoyer et al
J S Morrison admr	Edward B Trout
Levi Agnew for use	Joseph Sellers
D B Stewart	Sill & McGregor
John Duenning	John Bridges

D. WASHABAUGH,
Prothonotary.

Oct. 26, 1855.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By Virtue of Sundry writs of Fi Fa to me directed there will be sold at the Court House in the Borough of Bedford on Monday the 19th day of November 1855 at 2 o'clock P. M. the following Real Estate Viz:

One tract of land situate in Londonderry Township Bedford County containing 377 acres more or less adjoining lands of Jacob Wolford James Logue and David Moser having thereon erected a Saw Mill a Story and a half Log House Log Stable and Spring House and also having thereon a young apple orchard and having about 25 acres cleared and under fence as the property of Joseph Wolford.

Also one other tract of land containing 280 acres more or less about 100 acres cleared and under fence with a story and half log house and double log Barn thereon erected also an apple orchard thereon adjoining Lands of Samuel M. Barclay's heirs and others; situate in Londonderry township Bedford County as the property of Andrew Ball.

Also one other tract of land containing 35 acres more or less about 20 of which are cleared and under fence with a story and a half log house and log stable with threshing floor attached thereon eracted adjoining lands of John Cook Jonathan Hyde and others; situate in Harrison township Bedford County as the property of Henry Umbaugh.

Also all defendant Henry Umbaugh his interest in and to a tract of land containing 104 acres more or less about 30 acres cleared and under fence with a two story log house and double log barn thereon erected adjoining lands of Joseph Fisher Richard Knoaff and others situate in Juniata Township Bedford County as the property of Henry Umbaugh.

Also all the defendant Joseph Leasure his interest in and to a tract of land containing 100 acres more or less all cleared and under fence with a two story log house and kitchen attached Cabin house and double log barn thereon erected also an apple orchard thereon adjoining lands of Amos Ash Archibal Perdew and others; situate in Southampton township Bedford County as the property of Joseph Leasure.

Also all of defendant Saml Slocum his right title and interest in and to a tract of land containing 99 acres more or less about 100 acres cleared and under fence adjoining lands Benjamin W Garretson John Wolf Samuel Miller and others: situate in St. Clair Township Bedford County as the property of Samuel Slocum.

Also the Allegheny Male and Female Seminary at Rainsburg containing forty feet in front and sixty feet in depth and being two and a half stories high with the lot of curtilage appertenant about one acre of ground adjoining Lands of Saml Williams and others; situate in Colerain township Bedford County as the property of the Allegheny Male and Female Seminary.

Also all defendant's interest in and to a certain saw-mill situate in East Providence Township Bedford County the same being forty feet in length and fifteen feet in depth and the piece or parcel of land curtilage appurtenant to said building the said Tract containing about 100 acres more or less with a cabin house and log stable thereon erected and about 25 acres cleared more or less and under fence adjoining lands of James Reiley and others: as the property of George Reiley and Jacob Reiley.

HUGH MOORE, Sheriff.

Oct. 26, 1855.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested either as heirs creditors or otherwise are hereby notified that the following named persons have filed their accounts in the Registers Office and that they will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Bedford County on Friday the 23d day of November next, for confirmation at which time and place they may attend if they think proper.

The account of William Woy administrator of the Estate of Philip Swartz late of East Providence township deceased.

The account of John Mower and Samuel L. Russell Esqs administrators de bonis non with the Will annexed of William Lane late of Hopewell Township deceased.

The account of Frederick Turner Exector of last will &c of Andrew Turner late of Harrison township deceased.

The account of Thomas Blackburn administrator of John N Hammer late of St. Clair township deceased.

The account of Philip Waverling one of the executors of the last Will &c of Peter Weaverling late of East Providence township deceased.

The account of Josiah Ritchey administrator of Henry Miller late of Bedford township deceased.

The account of John Cessna and Alexander King Esqs Trustees for the sale of the Real estate of Meshack Edwards late of Broadtop township.

D. WASHABAUGH, Register.

Oct. 26, 1855.

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS:

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford in and for the said County of Bedford on the 3d day of September A D 1855 Before the Judges of said Court

On motion of O. E. Shannon the Court grant a Rule upon the heirs and legal Representatives of James Barefoot late of St Clair Township deceased to wit Rebecca intermarried with John Moore residing in Bedford County Elizabeth intermarried with Solomon Hammers residing in Somerset County Sarah intermarried with Frederick Reininger residing in Somerset County William Barefoot residing in Bedford County Isabella intermarried with James Taylor residing in Bedford County James Barefoot residing in Bedford County Mary intermarried with Alexander Stanton residing in Somerset County Margaret intermarried with John P Bowers residing in Bedford County Samuel Barefoot residing in Bedford County Job Barefoot residing in Blair County Charlotte Barefoot residing in Bedford County and George Barefoot residing in Bedford County to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford in and for said County on the 3d Monday 19th day of November next to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of said James Barefoot deceased at the Valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of Partition or Valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County and to the Sheriff of said County for that purpose directed or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

IN TESTIMONY Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court at Bedford the 10th day of September A D 1855.

D. WASHABAUGH, Clerk.

Attest:—Hugh Moore, Sheriff.

Oct. 26, 1855.

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS:

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford in and for the County of Bedford on the 3d day of September A D 1855 Before the Judges of said Court

On motion of O. E. SHANNON the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Otho Wilson late of Southampton Township deceased to wit Stephen residing in Bedford County Penna Alfred residing in Allegeny county Maryland Hugh residing in Bedford county Penna Susannah Rice wife of Solomon Rice deceased who is now dead leaving issue seven children viz David residing in Allegheny county Maryland Alfred Jane Charlotte Jonathan Francis and Elmira of whom O. E. Shannon is Guardian Jackson residing in Allegheny County Maryland Martha intermarried with Hiram Wolford residing in Allegany County Maryland Jonathan residing in Allegheny County Maryland Sarah intermarried with Henry Mills residing in Allegany county Maryland Otho residing in Iowa and Jamima Wilson residing in Bedford county Penna to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to held at Bedford in and for said County on the third Monday 19th of November next to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of said Otho Wilson deceased at the Valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of Partition or Valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County and to the Sheriff of said County for that purpose directed or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

IN TESTIMONY whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of said Court at Bedford the 10th day of September A D 1855.

D. WASHABAUGH, Clerk.

Attest:—Hugh Moore, Sheriff.

Oct. 26, 1855.

Wanted.

Eleven School Teachers to take charge of the schools of Bedford Township. Persons wishing to be employed, as Teachers, will meet the Board and County Superintendent at Hafer's Hotel, on 27th instant.

By order of the Board,
THOMAS HUGHES,
Secretary.

Oct. 13, 1855.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the Estate of Andris Saupp, late of the Borough of Bedford, deceased, will please make immediate payment—and those having claims against said Estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

AGNIS SAUPP,
Executrix.

Oct. 26, 1855.

GREAT ARRIVAL!

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!!

EXCHANGE BUILDING STORE!!!

The subscribers respectfully inform their friends, customers, and public generally, that they have received the largest and best assortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS they have yet offered to purchasers! Our stock in part as follows:

Blue, Black, Brown, and Invis Green French Cloths—French and American Cassimers—all colors—Ky. Jeans, all wool Tweeds, Keyseys, Flannels, Coating, Beaver Cloth, Blankest, Cords, Velvets, Beaverteens. Sack Flannels, Colored Carpet Chain, Spun Cotton, Bagging, Drillings, Ribbons, Laces, Gloves, Hoisery, &c., &c.

125 pieces Plain and Figured Delain,—all prices
440 " Fall Calicoes from 5 cts to 12½
250 " Heavy and Medium Bro. muslins
85 " Superior bleached shirting muslins
60 " Thibet Cloths and Alpaccas, all colors
75 " Cassinetts, all colors and prices
25 " All wool Hemp Rag and List Carpets
15 " Floor Oil Cloths—4¼ 5¼ 6¼ and 8¼ wide
25 " Cotton Flannels—all colors and prices.

Men and Boys' Wool Hats, Fur and Beaver Slough Hats, Men and Boy's Morocco Lined Navy Caps—also Plush and Cloth do. Boots and Shoes for Men and Boys. Bootees, double soled Moroco, and kid Shoes for Ladies—also a great variety of Bootees and shoes for Misses and children! Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Brooms—Tubs, Buckets, &c. Fish Oil, Sperm and Lard Oil: Bar Iron, Nail, Rod, &c.

Our assortment includes every article usually found in stores, and to prove we are selling "*Cheaper than the Cheapest*," all we ask is a call. ☞No trouble to show Goods! It will cost you nothing to come and look at the *Bargains* we will offer.

Country Produce of every description will be received for Goods at Cash prices.

A. B. CRAMER & Co,
Exchange Building.

Oct. 12, 1855.

Shoe Store.

A. B. Cramer & Co have just received a very large stock of Boots and Shoes suitable for fall and Winter—part styles as follows:

Mens' Superior Waxed Doubled Sole Boots
Mens' " City made Calf do
Mens' " Heavy Kip-Lined do
Youth's " Waxed Doubled Sole do
Youth's " Kip " " do
Boys' " Kip " " do
Boys' " Calf " " do
Womens' " Doubled Sole Kip Bootees
Womens' " " fine Calf and Seal do
Womens' " fine Goat Morocco do
Women's " Parodi Bootees—very handsome.
Girls Morocco, Kip and Calfskin Bootees
Children Shoes of every style and Price.

Doubled sole Gaiters—Gum Shoes &c., in fact Boots and Shoes to suit every purchaser.—If you want a pair of Boots or Shoes please give us a call and you shall be suited in price and quality.

☞Exchange Store is the place to buy Boots and Shoes!

Oct. 12, 1855.

Notice:

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of Rupp & Oster, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. G. W. Rupp is authorized to settle the business of the late firm, and to collect all debts due thereto.

G. W. RUPP,
G. R. OSTER.

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that the business will in future be continued at the old stand where he is now receiving and opening a general and well selected assortment of fall and winter goods, which he is determined to sell cheap for cash or approved produce.

An early call is solicited.

G. W. RUPP.

Bedford, Sept. 28, 1855.

COLONADE STORE.

Jacob Reed

WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he has just opened his new and splendid stock of goods, in the well known COLONADE STORE, in Bedford Borough. He invites all to call and examine his fresh and cheap stock of goods, consisting of every variety—and particularly of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

SILK GOODS, CLOTHS, and CASIMERS, HATS, and CAPS. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Queensware—Umbrellas and Fancy notions. Ladies Dress Goods, and a large assortment of WINTER SHAWLS

The Ladies are particularly invited to examine his stock of Dry Goods, Shoes, &c. Groceries and all other articles usually kept in a first class Dry Goods Store.

The subscriber has purchased his goods with great care, and will dispose of them at the lowest cash prices. Having determined to do a cash and produce business, he will be able to sell at the shortest profits. He asks his friends and the public to give him a call when his goods will be shown with pleasure, sale or no sale. ☞You may look for Bargains at REED'S Colonade Store.

Oct. 5, 1855.

$30 Reward!

Was stolen on the night of the 24th inst., a dark brown horse, star in the forehead, 16 hands high, with very heavy tail and mane, and little galled on the neck. Supposed to be about 11 years old. The above reward will be given for the horse and thief, or ten dollars for the horse.

JOHN HARSHBERGER,
near St. Clairsville.

Sept. 28, 1855.

H. NICODEMUS,

Scrivener and Justice of the Peace,

BEDFORD, PA.

Has removed his office to Juliana street, nearly opposite the Drug and Book store of Dr. F. C. Reamer, where he will faithfully attend to all business connected with the duties of his office.

He will continue to repair clocks and watches, as usual, and respectfully invites those in need of his services in this line to give him a call.

April 13, 1855.

LEATHER.

FRITZ, HENDRY & CO.

No. 29, North THIRD street, Philadelphia. Morocco Manufacturers, Couriers and Importers of FRENCH Calf-Skins, and dealers in Red and Oak Sole Leather and Kipp.

March 9, 1855—1y.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Valuable Real Estate!

By virtue of an Order of the Orphan's court of Bedford County, the undersigned, Administrator, of the estate of Mary Sammel, late of St. Clair township, Bedford County, deceased, will sell at public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 3d day of Nov. next, the following Real Estate, to wit:

One tract of land containing 116 acres more or less, about 70 acres are cleared and under fence, about 15 acres of which is first rate meadow; the improvements are a two story log house, with a good back building, a good Spring house, and never failing Spring of water close to the dwelling house, a double log barn; there is also an orchard of choice fruit of every kind on the premises.

TERMS:—Cash at confirmation of the sale on the 16th of Nov. next.

SAMUEL CARN,
Administrator.

Oct. 5, 1855.

Public Sale

OF

Valuable Real Estate!

By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, the undersigned, Trustee of Simon Claar, late of Union Township, Bedford County, deceased, will sell at public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 2d day of November next, the following Real Estate, to wit:

One tract of land containing 160 acres, more or less, 60 or 70 acres are cleared and under fence, ten acres of which are meadow, with a two story log dwelling house, carpenter shop and bank barn thereon erected—there is also a first rate apple orchard on the premises; adjoining lands of Geo. Knisely, Frederick Claar, Dr. Shoenberger's heirs. Also a tract or piece of land containing 75 acres, more or less, about 5 acres cleared; adjoining lands of Dr. R. Shoenberger's heirs, Jacob Beard and others.

TERMS: One-thind in hand on the 19th of November, 1855, at confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments without interest—payments to be secured by judgment bonds.

SAMUEL CARN, Trustee.

Oct. 5, 1855.

PUBIC SALE!

OF

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of John Blankley, late of Monroe Township, deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 27th of October next, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

A tract of land containing 389 acres, adjoining lands of William O'Neal, William Carnell, widow Evans, Lewis Koons and others, in Monroe Township.

The Improvements are a two-story Log house and Log-Barn, with a large number of choice fruit-trees thereon. The land is well watered and well timbered. There are about 100 or 125 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation.

☞*Terms:*—One-third in hand on the 19th November, 1855, at confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal anual payments without interest.

JOHN SPARKS,
Administrator.

Sept. 28, 1855.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the subscriber will expose to sale, by public vendue or outcry at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on

SATURDAY, THE 3d DAY OF NOVEMBER

next, the following described Real Estate, late the property of Solomon Filler, deceased, viz:

A Lot of ground in the Borough of Bedford, being lot No. 13 in the plan of said Borough, situate on Julianna Street, containing 60 feet in front on said street and running back 240 feet—having thereon erected a first rate, commodious frame boarding house, frame stable, ice-house, ten pin alley and other buildings. This property is hand-somely located on the street leading to the Bedford Springs and is a very desirable one—particularly to a person wishing to keep a private boarding house for which purpose it has been used for several years. The building is sufficiently large to accommodate fifty or sixty boarders, and is insured for four years from the 23d day of September instant.

Also, A lot of ground in the village of Rainsburg, in Colerain township in said County, marked in the plan of said village No. 24, containing 82½ feet in front and 165 feet back having thereon erected a small log stable.

Also, A tract of land in said Township of Colerain, containing 60 acres 39 perches and allowance, adjoining lands of Abraham Kerns' heirs, George James and others, and surveyed on Warrant, dated April 29, A. D. 1850, granted to the said Solomon Filler.

☞TERMS: Cash at the confirmation of the sale.

S. L. RUSSELL,
Executor of the last Will, &c., of Solomon Filler, deceased.

Sept. 14, 1855.

Bedford Academy

AND

FEMALE SEMINARY.

W. W. CAMPBELL, Principal.

The 1st Session of the 5th school year of this Institution will open on Monday morning the 3d day of September. The past history of the Academy will, we trust, be a sufficient guaranty of its future efficiency. The branches taught will be the same as heretofore. To MASTER PRINCIPLES will be considered the most important pursuit of the pupils; and while it will be the constant business of the Instructor to impart knowledge, it will also be his aim to lead his pupils to make a practical application of their acquisitions. To load the mind with innumerable formulas, without causing it to use them, would be like placing a bow in a child's hand, without teaching him how to bend it. In fine, it shall be our object, as it has ever been, to lead the pupil to THINK.

N. B. Instruction in Book Keeping in all its branches, both Single and Double Entry will be given by the Principal. The Class in this study will be so arranged that any young men desiring to pursue this important branch in order to prepare themselves for clerkships *can recite in it* alone. This recitation will receive attention out of the regular school hours. Instruction in this branch will be extra and so charged.

We look forward confidently to the patronage of this community, which has thus far been so generously extended, and by an undiminished assiduity, we hope to merit your support.

Terms per quarter, as usual, to wit:

CLASSICS,	$6 25
HIGHER ENGLISH,	5 00
MIDDLE "	4 50
ELEMENTARY "	4 00
FOR KEEPING, (Extra)	5 00

Feb. 16, 1855.

HEMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,

For Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, Secret Diseases, Strictures, Weaknesses, and all diseases of the Sexual Organ, whether in Male or Female,

from whatever cause they may have originated and no matter of how long standing.

If you have contracted the terrible disease which, when once seated in the system, will surely go down from one generation to another, undermining the constitution and supping the very vital fluids of life, do not trust yourself in the hands of Quacks, who start up every day in a city like this, and fill the papers with glaring falsehoods too well calculated to deceive the young and those not acquainted with their tricks. You cannot be too careful in the selection of a remedy in these cases.

THE FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU has been pronounced by eminent Physicians *THE GREATEST REMEDY EVER KNOWN.* It is a medicine perfectly pleasant in its taste and very innocent in its action, and yet so thorough that it annihilates every particle of the rank and poisonous virus of this dreadful disease; and, unlike other remedies, it does not dry up the disease in the blood.

CONSTITUTIONAL DEBILITY, brought on by self-abuse, a most terrible disease, which has brought thousands of the human race to untimely graves, thus blasting the brilliant hopes of parents, and blighting in the bud the glorious ambition of many a noble youth, can be cured by this infallible remedy. And as a medicine which must benefit everybody, from the simply delicate to the confined and despairing invalid, no equal is to be found, acting both as a cure and preventative.

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the Blood, removing all diseases arising from excess of Mercury, exposure and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional disease, arising from an impure state of the Blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Tetter, Pimples on the Face, and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin.

This article is now prescribed by some of the most distinguished Physicians in the country, and has proved more efficient in practice than any preparation of Sarsaparilla yet offered to the public. Several cases of secondary Syphilis, Mercurial and Scrofulous diseases have entirely recovered in the incurable wards of our Public Institutions which had for many years resisted every mode of treatment that could be devised. These cases furnish striking examples of the salutary effects of this medicine in arresting some of the most inveterate diseases, after the glands were destroyed and the bones already affected.

NOTICE.—Letters from responsible Physicians and Professors of several Medical Colleges, and certificates of cures from patients will be found accompanying both Preparations.

Prices—Fluid Extract of Buchu, $1 per bottle.
" " Sarsaparilla " "
or 6 bottles for $5, equal in strength to one gallon Syrup of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and Sold by H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist 263, Chestnut Street, near the Girard House, PHILADELPHIA.

☞To be had of Dr. F. C. Reamer, Bedford, Pa.

July 20, 1855.—1y.

D. Border,

Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constaully keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the best style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

N. B. He still continues the Gunsmithing business, at his old stand, in the East end of town, where he has a good and competent workman constantly employed. D. B.

April 27, 1855.

NATIONAL HOTEL.

CORNER BALTIMORE & MECHANIC STS.

CUMBERLAND, MD.

JOHN P. KELLER, Proprietor.

This Hotel, recently kept by Sam'l Luman, is undergoing thorough repair and is a very fine, large, airy building, situated in the most central and business part of Cumberland.

THE ROOMS are large, and well furnished with all the necessary fixtures and appliances to render guests comfortable.

It will be the earnest desire of the Proprietors to render, in all respects, entire satisfaction, and he flatters himself that his efforts will will be crowned with success.

There is attached to said hotel an excellent, stable capable of accommodating 60 head of horses. Drovers will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

A careful hostler in attendance at all times.

☞A portef in attendance at the cars, &c.

☞Rates of boarding 25 cts. per meal.—Boarders taken by the week, mouth or year.

Sept. 21, 1855.

St. Nicholas Hotel,

Cumberland, Md.

The Proprietor respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that this house has recently been thoroughly re-fitted and completely renovated, and is now ready to receive guests.

It is the earnest desire and intention of the Proprietor to give perfect satisfaction to those who favor him with their patronage. A liberal share is confidently expected.

SAMUEL LUMAN, *Proprietor.*
Successor to H. R. Dow & Co.

Cumberland, Aug. 10, 1855.

News for the People!

NEW GOODS AT CHEAP CORNER, NO. 1.

Fellow-Citizens: We take this opportunity of returning you our most sincere thanks for the liberal patronage you have so kindly bestowed on us. We would also inform you that we have just returned from the Eastern Cities, with a large and well selected assortment of Goods, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinets; Peter Shams, for over coats, Jeans, Ladies' fine dress goods, such as Silks, Alpacas, Coburg Cloths, Bombazines, Merinoes, and a large assortment of Bay State Shawls, Hosiery, for Ladies, Comforts, Crapes, Collars, &c., &c.—Mens,' Womens,' Boys' and Childrens' Shoes and Boots, and a general assortment of Groceries. Crushed and pulverized Sugars, best Rio Coffee, Teas of all kinds, N. O. Molasses, Golden Syrup, Mackerel, Salt by the sack, Baker's Chocolate, Broma Cocoa, and a general assortment of Goods usually kept in a country Store.

☞All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods at market prices.

SANSOM & GEPHART.

Oct. 13, 1854.

COLLECTORS FOR 1855

Will bear in mind that no exonerations will be allowed by the Commissioners for Militia Tax after the 1st Monday of December next. You wil lbe prepared to make your escapes at November Court.

A. S. RUSSELL, Clerk to Com'rs.

Sept. 14, 1855.

Notice to Collectors.

COLLECTORS of Taxes in possession of the Duplicates of the Poor and House of Employment are notified that, unless they make immediate payment, suits will be instituted against them without respect to persons. This notice is in earnest, and all who neglect it, will subject themselves to COSTS. By order of the Directors.

JOHN H. RUSH,
Trensurer.

May 18, 1855.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS.

The State Treasurer having made a peremptory call on the Treasurer of this County, for all State taxes up to and including those of '55, Collectors are, therefore, hereby required to collect and pay over, *without delay*, the amount of State taxes yet due on their respective duplicates. By order of the Commissioners.

JOHN MOWER,
Attorney.

June 1, 1855.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

☞MISS FORD would announce to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity that she will re-open her School on Monday morning 3d of September, and hopes to be liberally patronized, promising to use her utmost exertions to do justice to all placed under her care.

Bedford, Aug. 25, 1855.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

MISS R. S. PROCTER will resume the duties of her school in the Lecture Room of the Presbyterian Church, on Monday the 20th day of August inst. and respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage

Aug. 3.

Notice.

All persons indebted to me, either by note or Book account, are hereby notified that their notes and accounts are left in the hands of Henry Nicodemus, Esq., of the Borough of Bedford, for collection, where suit will be commenced against all who do not comply with this notice and make payment immediately.

J. W. LINGENFELTER.

Sept. 7, 1855.

A CARD.

MRS. MARY COOK (widow of Dominick Cook) would announce to visitors to the Springs, and the public generally, that, having secured the services of a gentleman eminently qualified to manage her affairs, the Washington Hotel is now realy to afford the best of accommodations. The house has been newly papered, painted and furnished, and she feels satisfied that all who patronize the "Washington" will be pleased.—She hopes to be liberally encouraged.

Bedford, June 29, 1855.

LOOK OUT!

Persons indebted to the undersigned on book account, or for Borough and School Taxes, for the years 1852 and 1853, are invited to call at his offile and settle their accounts (by due bill or otherwise.) All whose accounts remain unsettled, or my books, by the first day of September next, may be waited upon by Constable Agnew or Mower. H. NICODEMUS.

Aug. 17, 1855.

FOR RENT,

And possession given on the 1st of June, a TAN YARD in the Borough of Bedford, with all the fixtures complete, and a Dwelling adjacent thereto. Apply to either of the undersigned.

Wm. Hartley,
Job Mann,
John H. Rush,
For the Heirs.

March 30, 1855.

LUMBER!

The subscribers have on hand and will constantly keep, (at the old stand of Lewis N. Fyan, in Juniatta township) a full supply of Lap and Joint Shingles, and Board of every discription, which they will dispose of onreasonable terms.

PLATT & BROTHER.

Sept. 7, 1855.

STRAY STEER.

Came to the premises of the subscriber living in Bedford Township, sometime in September last, a red moly Steer, with fork out of left ear. no other mark The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

ISAAC D. EARNEST.

Oct. 12, 1855.

FRANKLIN FEMALE INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

AT MERCERSBURG, PENNA.

THE Winter Session of this Institute commences on the first of October next.

TERMS:—For Board, Tuition, Room rent and Washing, per quarter of twelve weeks, $42 50.

MARSHALL COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS.

The Winter Session of this institute commences on the first of October next. Terms: For Board, Tuition, Room rent and Washing, per quarter of twelve weeks, $42 50.

☞*For further information address*

REV. J. R. KOCKEN, Mercersburg.

Sept. 7, 1855.

J. White,

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

Office No. 25, Arcade, West Avenue, PHILADELPHIA.

Timber and Coal Lands, Farms and City property, bought, sold and exchanged. *Money procured* on Bond and Mortgage, PERSONAL PROPERTY and MERCHANDISE. Apply to or address as above. May 18, 1855.—3m.

Reeve L. Knight,

(Successor to Hartley & Knight,)

BEDDING AND CARPET WAREHOUSE,

No. 148 South Second Street,

Five doors above Spruce Street, PHILADELPHIA,

Where he keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of every article in his line of business. FEATHERS, FEATHER-BEDS, Patent Spring Mattresses, Curled Hair, Moss, Corn Husk and Straw Mattresses, Velvet Tapestry, Tapestry, Brussels, Three-Ply, Ingrain, Venetian, List, Rag and Hemp Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Canton Mattings, Cocoa and Spanish Mattings, Floor and Stair Druggets, Hearth Rugs, Door Mats, Table and Piano Covers, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.

Oct. 13, 1854.—1y.

NEW STORE

And New Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS, AND NO MISTAKE!

ELI FISHER

Would respectfully avail himself of this method of informing the citizens of Bedford and vicinity that he has opened an entirely New *Dry Goods, Grocery, and Fancy Store,* in the Borough of Bedford, in the room formerly occupied by Dr. Hofius, and second door west of Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store, where he has just received from the cities of

New York and Philadelphia

one of the most elegant assortments of Goods ever brought to Bedford, which, having been purchased for cash, under the most favorable circumstances, he feels warranted in saying that he can sell them at prices so low as to *astonish* the purchaser, and all in want of good Goods, at the shortest possible profit, are invited to give him a call. His stock embraces every variety of

Ladies Dress Goods,

such as Silks, Satins, Delaines, Bombazines, Spring Shawls, novelties in Lawns, British Prints, Plaid Ginghams, Undersleeves, from 12½ cents up, Hosiery in every variety, Shoes, Boots and Slippers, for Ladies and Children—in fact almost every article adapted to a Ladies' wardrobe, which it would require too much space to enumerate in detail. His stock of FLATS and BONNETS for Ladies, Misses, and Children, is large, rich and CHEAP.

His Groceries, Teas, Spices, Syrup, &c. &c. are all of the very best quality.

☞He will consider it no trouble to shew his Goods, and he hopes the LADIES especially will call and examine his assortment whether they purchase or not. Always remember, however, that ELI FISHER'S is the place for BARGAINS!!! April 6, 1855.

VALUABLE

Mill Property for Sale!

The subscriber, about to remove to California, offers at Private sale, his valuable Mill Property, situate about 3 miles East of Bedford, on the Juniatta River, in Colerain township, at the lower end of Friend's Cove.

The Mill is four stories high, frame, with three run of stones, two pair of which are Burrs, having all the machinery necessary to manufacture merchant and country work in the best manner. It has one of the best water powers in the United States, which may be known from the fact that during the last dry season it had abundance of water, when nearly every other mill in the neighborhood was stopped.

There are between 10 and 11 acres of land adjoining, six acres under post fence, about 4 of which is meadow, on which is erected a good two story log house, weather-boarded and plastered, good water at the door, with all necessary out buildings—also a fine orchard of choice fruit, peaches and apples.

Being determined to sell purchasers will do well to examine this property soon.

☞TERMS will be made to suit the purchaser, by giving approved Bonds.

HIRAM F. ROHM.

June 1, 1855.

MACHINE SHOP!

Two and Four Horse Thrashing Machines constantly on hand, and made of the very best material. They are greatly improved above any other of the kind to the advantage of the farmer. For sale at the MACHINE SHOP of WILLIAM RITCHEY,

a short distance east of Brice's Hotel, Bedford, Penna.

Also, Pierpoint's Patent Strawshaker, which has not been surpassed any where, and are so constructed that they operate smoothly and take but little power to drive them. They can be attached to any kind of machine straps or tumbling shaft power.

☞Farmers would do well to call and see for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

Farming utensils of all kinds made to order. All warranted to give satisfaction.

☞Repairing done at the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

WILLIAM RITCHEY,
Machinist.

July 13, 1855.—3m.

JOSEPH W. TATE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

BOUNTY LAND, AND CLAIM AGENT,

Has for sale FOUR FARMS and 10,000 acres of unimproved Land. ☞Liberal advances made. Land Warrants bought and sold.

☞Office in Julianna street.

Bedford, May 11, 1855—6m.

Dr. JOS. KEEFE

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Schellsburg and vicinity. ☞Office on Main Street. Sept. 21, 1855.

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.

Whereas John Lafferty late of Juniatta Township Bedford County deceased died seized of the following described real estate to wit:

A tract of land situate lying and being in Juniata Township aforesaid containing seven hundred and eighteen acres and eighty perches of land partly warranted to Peter Swagert partly to Frederick Oldfather and parlty to John Lafferty adjoining lands of Daniel Shroyer Jesse Valentine Egulf & Adams William Frazier Frederick Mowry Goughenhour Studebaker and others having thereon the usual farm buildings and a portion under cultivation.

Leaving a widow Catharine Lafferty and issue five children to wit Moses Lafferty residing in Juniatta Township aforesaid William Lafferty residing in Allegheny Township Somerset County Pa. Rebecca intermarried with Hugh Shaffer residing in Juniatta township aforesaid Lydia intermarried with Nicholas Knouff residing in Cerro Gordo county Iowa and John Lafferty residing in said township of Juniata.

Notice is therefore hereby given that in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation to me directed I will proceed to hold an Inquisition and valuation upon said Real Estate upon the premises on Monday the 5th day of November next when and where all interested may attend if they see proper.

HUGH MOORE,
Sheriff.

Oct. 12, 1855.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. FRANCIS M. KIMMELL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford and Somerset, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace: and JOHN G. HARTLEY and JOS. B. NOBLE, Esqs. Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the 3d Monday of Nov., (being the 19th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 26th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1855.

Oct. 26, 1855.

HUGH MOORE, *Sheriff.*

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN,
G. H. SPANG.

June 2, 1851.

D. K. WUNDERLICH. B. F. NEAD.

Wunderlich & Nead,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

North Second Street, opposite the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Depot,

CHAMBERSBURG.

☞They are at all times prepared to carry all kinds of Produce to, and Merchandise, &c., from Philadelphia and Baltimore, at the shortest notice.

☞They will also purchase Flour, Grain, &c., at market price.

COAL, LUMBER, SALT, FISH, GUANO, and PLASTER on hand and for sale low.

June 10, 1853.

Henry S. King,

(Of the late Firm of King & Moorhead,)

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS,

Western Produce, &c. &c. &c.

No. 76, Water Street, below Market,

Pittsburg, Pa.

The undersigned will continue the Commission Business at the above place, and having provided himself with suitable conveniences for the storage of Pig Metal, Blooms, Produce, &c. is now prepared to receive consignments.

By long experience in the business, and by constant attention, he hopes to merit a generous share of trade, which he respectfully solicits.

HENRY S. KING.

April 27, 1855.

Take Notice!

ALL persons indebted to the subscribers, either by note, book account, or otherwise, are requested to make early payment.—Indulgence cannot be given beyond the first of September next. All who neglect this notice, will pay costs as a consequence.

THOS. H. MURRAY & BRO.

Bloody-Run, June 29, 1855.

NEW CLOTHING STORE.

Isaac Lippel

Would respectfully announce to his old friends, and the public at large, that he has opened an entirely new CLOTHING STORE in the Borough of Bedford, in the room recently in the occupancy of Solomon Filler, where he has just received a very superior assortment of ready-made Clothing for Men and Boys, to which he invites attention, satisfied that he can please all who give him a call, both as to price and quality. He will also keep an assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries. He invites purchasers to examine his stock.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

[*Letter from Hon. John Minor Botts, of Virginia.*]

RICHMOND JULY 9th, 1855.

Messrs. Wm. S. Beers & Co., Gents.—Consierations of duty to the afflicted alone prompt me to send you this voluntary testimonial to the great value of "*Carter's Spanish Mixture,*" for that almost incurable disease, *Scrofula.*

Without being disposed or deeming it necessary to go into the particulars of the case, I can say that the astonishing results that have been produced by the use of that medicine on a member of my own family, and under my own observation and superintendence, after the skill of the best physicians had been exhausted and the usual remedies had failed, fully justify me in recommending its use to all who may be suffering from that dreadful malady.

I do not mean to say that it is adapted to all constitutions, or that it will afford the same relief in all cases; for, of course, I can know nothing about that—but from what I have seen of the effects, I would not hesitate to use it, in any and every case of Scrofula, with persons for whom I felt an interest, or over whom I could exercise any influence or control.

Respectfully yours,
JNO. M. BOTTS.

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—Here is another notice of a preparation bearing the above name. We would say to our readers, try it, and you will not be disappointed. It may be had at Rupp & Oster's in this place.

From the Pittsburg Morning Post, Sept. 24, 1853.

KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—We have tried this medicine for a severe cold, and can truly say we have never found any remedy so pleasant and effectual. It is an expectorant, yet does not sicken the stomach; and it prevents costiveness. It is very highly recommended by physicians and others who have tried it, as a speedy and effectual cure for Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Croup, Quinsy, and nomerous other complaints of the Bronchial Organs and Lungs. We can safely recommend it as an excellent remedy.

FOR SALE.—A handsome, well made Buggy, with falling top, will be sold very low for Cash or approved paper.

A. B. Cramer & Co.

1500 PIECES WALL PAPER,

From 12½ cents to $1 25 per piece, just received and for at the variety Store of

JAMES K. HALLAM.

Bedford, April 27, 1855.

Jas. K. Hallam

Would announce to his friends and the public that he has purchased the entire Store of the late James M. Gibson, and intends to continue business at the old stand. He has on hand an assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Teas, Segars, Jewelry, &c. &c. together with Confectionaries of every description. In a short time he will replenish his stock, so as to make it an inducement to purchasers to give him a call.—He has on hand a good supply of FLOUR, and will make every effort to accommodate the people in this line of his business, either wholesale or retail. He will also keep Bacon, Fish, Salt, Molasses, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Brooms, Brushes, Patent medicines, Drugs, Dye-stuffs, and every article usually kept in a retail store.

☞PAPER HANGING and UPHOLSTERING will be attended to as usual with promptness and despatch—and he would take this occasion to say that he has now on hand, and will furnish to order, on the most favorable terms, every description of WALL PAPER and BORDERING.

By unremitting attention to business, and a disposition to please, he hopes to merit and receive liberal encouragement.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE AND FANCY GOODS.

A Choice Assortment of the Finest Quality, For Sale at the Lowest Cash Prices, at

WM. B. ELTONHEAD'S,

No. 184 South Second Street, between Pine and Union, West Side, PHILADELPHIA.

The assortment embraces a *Large and Select Stock of Fine Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Albata Ware, plated with fine Silver, in Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c. —Jet Goods, Fans and Fancy Articles* of a superior quality, deserving the examination of those who desire to procure the *best goods* at the *Lowest Cash Prices.*

Having a *practical knowledge* of the business, and all available facilities for Importing and Manufacturing, the subscriber confidently invites purchasers, believing that he can supply them on terms as favorable as any other establishment in either of the Atlantic Cities.

☞All kinds of Diamond and Pearl Jewelry and Silver Ware manufactured to order, within a reasonable time.

☞Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware *faithfully repaired.* WM. B. ELTONHEAD,

No. 184 South Second Street, a few doors above the Second Street Market, West Side.

☞In the South Window of the Store may be seen the famous IRE CLOCK, which commands the admiration of the scientific and curious.

Oct. 13, 1854.—1y.

NOTICE:—The undersigned expecting to be absent in the West for some length of time, would say that his business will be left in the hands of Jacob S. Schell, where all interested will call and attend to their own and my interest. JOHN H. SCHELL.

Schellsburg, May 11, 1855.

Private Sale of Valuable Property.

The subscriber will sell, at private sale, his valuable property, situate in Boydstown, about half a mile west of the Borough of Bedford, on the turnpike road, consisting of two Dwelling Houses, a Black-smith and Wagon-maker Shop, and all necessary outbuildings. There are two lots and a half of ground attached, on which are a number of fine fruit trees. This property is every way desirable, and purchasers would do well to examine it.

JACOB SEMLER

May 25, 1855.

HARDWARE STORE.

The subscriber having purchased the entire stock of HARDWARE of the late Thomas B. Miller, in the Borough of Bedford, would respectfully announce to his friends and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish almost every article in his line of business on favorable terms. His stock being nearly all new, and selected by one well experienced in the business, he is fully satisfied that purchasers will find it to their advantage to give him a call. In addition to a general stock of Hardware, he has on hand, and will constantly keep, GROCERIES of the very best quality—GLASS of all sizes—also, STONEWARE of a very superior quality. He has also on hand all kinds of Oils, Paints, Drugs, Brooms, &c., &c., and Cedar Ware in great variety.

Having now permanently settled in business, and being determined to use every proper exertion to please, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

JOHN ARNOLD.

Dec. 22, 1854.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS!

The subscribers having purchased the entire Stock of Goods of Geo. W. Horn, in the town of Schellsburg, beg leave to announce to the public generally, that they have now on hand, and will continue to keep, a large and well selected assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, Tinware, Oils, Drugs, Fish, Molasses, and, in fact, every article usually found in Country Stores, to which they invite the attention of purchasers, satisfied that they can give satisfaction to all who give them a call.

The highest price will be paid for Hides, and for all kinds of Grain. Lumber and Produce, of every description, will be taken in exchange for Goods, at the highest prices. All kinds of Leather will be kept at the Store for sale. Give us a call.

A. J. SNIVELY,
JAMES BURNS, Jr.

Jan. 5, 1855.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the public that he has removed his Tinning Establishment to the building recently occupied by Mr. Luther, as a Confectionary Store, in the Diamond, where he is better prepared than ever to accommodate his customers with every article in the line of his business, either wholesale or retail, and hopes they will give him a call at his new location.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

CAUTION.

All persons are cautioned against trespassing upon the Poor House Farm, either by hunting, fishing, or otherwise, as the law will be rigidly enforced against all who do so, without respect to persons. And notice is hereby given that no cows will hereafter be taken to pasture. By order of the Directors.

WM. F. MOREHEAD,
Steward.

June 22.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION WAREHOUSE

Chambersburg, Pennsylvania.

THE subscribers are prepared at all times to carry Produce of every description and Merchandize to and from Philadelphia and Baltimore, on the most reasonable terms. The highest price paid at all times for all kinds of country Produce.

☞Receiving Depots, BUZBY & CO. 365 Market street, Philadelphia.—JOHN BIGHAN, Baltimore, No. 151 H street.

C. W. EYSTER & CO.

Feb. 9, 1855—6m.*

Two and Four Horse Thrashing Machines,

made of the very best material, and in the best workman-like manner, constantly on hand and for sale at the Machine Shop of

PETER H. SHIRES, Bedford, Pa.

His Machines are greatly improved to the advantage of the FARMER. Also horse Rakes for raking hay and gleaning grain fields—Cutting Boxes, Cultivators, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs—all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms and warranted to give satisfaction.

☞FARMERS and others will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere

Reparing of all kinds of Machines and Farming utensils done at the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

PETER H. SHIRES,
Machinist.

June 29, 1855.—4m.

A Family Carriage

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

The owner having no use for it, will sell, on fair terms, an excellent Family Carriage, newly fitted up, intended for either one or two horses, and having all the necessary fixtures.—An excellent sett of new Brass mounted harness may be had with the carriage, if desired. It will be sold on time, for cash, or exchanged for grain. Enquire at the office of the Bedford Gazette. July 27, 1855.

DR. A. B. MADAN

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Schellsburg and vicinity. Office in the room formerly occupied by Dr. BRAMWELL, opposite Mr. Frazer's Tavern. ☞All night calls promptly attended to.

April 8, 1853.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞Office nearly opposite the Post Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1849.

HUMMEL'S ESSENCE OF COFFEE.

EVERY ONE who has used Hummel's Essence of Coffee, knows that one package will go as far as 4 pounds of the best Java Coffee, and coffee made by this Essence will preserve perfectly the real taste of Java coffee, but will have a more delicate and finer flavor, a finer color, and will certainly be much wholesomer for every person than pure Java Coffee.

☞For sale at Dr. B. F. HARRY'S new Drug and Book Store. Oct. 7, 1853.

OLD PEWTER & COPPER WANTED.

THE highest price, in cash or trade, allowed for old Pewter and Copper.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Sept. 9, 1853.

John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania,

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

JOHN R. EDIE, Attorney at Law,

WILL hereafter regularly attend the sittings of the courts of this county. During the terms of Court he may be consulted professionally at the Hotel of Maj. Davis.

Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

ISAAC HUGUS, Attorney at Law,

WILL hereafter regularly attend the sittings of the Courts of this county.—During the terms of the Court he may be consulted professionally at the Hotel of Maj. Davis.

Bedford, March 10, 1854.

NOTICE.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Thomas and John King, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having unsettled accounts with them, are requested to attend to their liquidation without delay.

THOMAS KING,
JOHN KING.

June 1, 1854.

Having this day associated Henry S. King, of the City of Pittsburg, with us in the business of manufacturing Iron, the business will be conducted under the name and firm of John King & Co.

THOMAS KING,
JOHN KING.

June 9, 1854.

STOVES!

ON hand, and for sale, a superior lot of Cooking, Ten Plate, Parlor, and Church Stoves.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Wm. Henry Leas,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fort Desmoines, Iowa,

WILL give special attention to locating lands—investing money—paying taxes—making collections, &c., &c.

☞ *Refers to Gen. Bowman and Hon. Job Mann.* Sept. 8, 1854.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

Nov. 24, 1854.

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professiona Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

A MIRACLE OF SCIENCE!

Dr. C. L. KELLING, of Mechanicsburgh, Cumberland Co. Pa. announces to those afflicted with Tumors, Wens, Cancers, Polypus, Lupus, Moles or Marks, Scrofula or King's Evil; and all diseases that have been usually treated with Caustic or Knife, he can remove them without cutting, burning or pain; neither Chloroform or Ether is administered to the patient. It is no matter on what part of the body they are he can remove them with perfect safety, and in a remarkably short time. No Mineral or Vegetable poison, is applied; and no money required until a cure is perfected.

Prolapsis Uteri, Female complaints, Chronic Venereal and all other diseases treated with positive success. Full particulars can be obtained by addressing in either English or German post paid. Patients can be accommodated with Board on reasonable terms.

Mechanicsburg is one of the prettiest and healthly towns in this or any other State. It is 8 miles from Harrisburg on the C. V. R. R. and accessible from all parts of the Union.

The Dr. will visit cases in any part of the State when desired.

Kind reader if you know of any afflicted fellow-creature, delay not, to tell them of this treatment.

March 2, 1855.—6m.*

Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER

Having purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, will constantly keep on hand at his establishment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which he offers at greatly reduced prices for cash. Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

Bedford Hotel,

And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

WM. P. SCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care *in the Counties of Bedford and Fulton.*

Bedford, Nov. 1, 1847.

C. N. HICKOK, Dentist.

OFFICE on Pitt-street, nearly opposit the Bedford Hotel, Bedford, Pa. Teeth plugged, Regulated, &c. and artificial teeth inserted from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted. *Terms.—CASH.*

Bedford, May 3, 1850.

COACH AND WAGON FACTORY.

The undersigned having entered into partnership in the above business, would announce to the citizens of Bedford County that they are now prepared, at their Shop at the East End of this Borough, to furnish CARRIAGES and BUGGIES, of every style and price; also, COACHES, WAGONS, and PLOUGHS. BLACKSMITH work of every description executed to order, in the shortest notice, at their shop adjoining the Coach Factory.

Determined to keep none but the best of workmen in their employ, and to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the State, they hope to receive liberal encouragement.

☞Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work and the highest prices allowed. We respectfully invite the public to give us a call.

WM. WEISEL,
JOHN FOSTER.

Bedford, Feb. 3, 1854.

DR. WM. BURCH

Having permanently located in Pattonsville, Bedford County, respectfully tenders his services to the public in the line of his profession.

Pattonsville, March 3, 1853–1y.

NOTICE!

The subscriber is anxious to close his old Books up to April 1, 1855, and hopes all interested will give immediate attention to this notice. In cases where it is not convenient to make immediate payment, notes will be taken on reasonable time.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

April 13, 1855.

W. B. CLARKE,

WITH

Bumm, Raiguel & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

British, French and American

DRY GOODS,

No. 91 North Third Street, PHILADELPHIA.

THE undersigned would respectfully call the attention of his old friends in the counties of Bedford, Fulton, Somerset, Blair, and Cambria, to the above CARD, with the hope that, when they visit the city to purchase GOODS, they will not fail to call at "No. 91 North Third Street," where, he feels satisfied, they will find as choice a selection of Goods (on as reasonable terms) as are to be found in any other house in Philadelphia. W. B. CLARKE.

March 24, 1854.—1y.

P. A. HEALEY & BRO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, DYE-Stuffs, Spices, Patent Medicines, &c.,

Cumberland, Md.

☞ *Orders from Physicians and Merchants filled with pure and unadulterated articles, at Baltimore prices.*

June 9, 1854—1y.

ALLEGHENY MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY!

This Institution is located at Rainsburg, Bedford county, Pa. 10 miles from Bedford and 8 miles from the celebrated Mineral Springs. Being situated in a pleasant and retired village, free from many of the alluring vices that so often corrupt the minds of youth, and in the midst of one of the most healthy portions of the State, we trust it will receive the liberal patronage its friends have anticipated.

It will be under the charge of the Rev. JOHN POLLOCK, of the M. E. Church, a gentleman who has been for a number of years engaged in teaching, and whose recommendations from abroad, as well as the high style of teaching he is exhibiting in this place at present, fully satisfy us that he is such a man as we need. He will be assisted by Mrs. E. E. Pollock as Preceptress, and such other teachers as the school may require.

The year will be divided into two sessions of 22 weeks each. The first Session will commence on Tuesday, the 7th day of August next. Each session will be divided into two terms of 11 weeks, but without any vacation, as the school will be re-organized on the next day after the close of the first term of the session. It will be very important for students to be in attendance as near the beginning of the term as possible, in order to gain a thorough knowledge of elementary principles.

Rates of Tuition will be as follows:—For common English, per term, $3, to which will be added for higher branches, including higher Mathematics, each 75 cents. For each ancient or modern language, $1 25. The entire amount of the above shall not exceed six dollars.

Extra—Lessons on Piano, per term, $10—Drawing and Painting of the different varieties from 3 to $8—Vocal music, two lessons per week, $1—Incidentals, 25 cents.

Special attention will be given to those intending to engage in teaching, both by affording them a thorough Drilling in the branches necessary to be taught, and by Lectures on the best methods of teaching and discipline.

☞Board can be procured at various places in the village on the most reasonable terms. Conveyances will be in readiness at the stage office in Bedford on the day previous to commencement, between the hours of 1 and 5 P. M. for the conveyance of any that may not be otherwise provided for, free of expense.

Arrangements will also be made for their return to the same place.

JAMES A. COLEMAN,
SAMUEL WILLIAMS,
J. H. DICKEN,
JOSEPH BECK,
JOHN FILLER, *Trustees.*

Rainsburg, June 8, 1855.

KEAGY'S FOUNDRY!

The subscribers respectfully beg leave to inform the people of Middle Woodberry Township, and the country at large, that they are now prepared, at their establishment, one mile south of Woodberry, Bedford County, to furnish four-horse Threshing Machines, Pierponts' Patent Shaker, Cider Mills, Ploughs of every description, Keagy's Cooking Stoves, two different patterns, and two different patterns of Coal Stoves—Plough Castings, Wagon Boxes of all sizes, and cast Dinner Bells of three different sizes—also, Mill Castings of every variety. We are also prepared to fit up Machinery in the best and most durable style, and will give prompt attention to all orders in this line.

The public are respectfully invited to give us a call, as we feel satisfied that both our work and terms will please all who do so.

J. M. SNOWDEN,
WM. B. BLAKE,
Proprietors.

Oct. 27, 1854.

MENGEL HOUSE.

THE subscriber having removed to the Mengle HOUSE, in the Borough of Bedford, recently in the occupancy of Mr. Isaac Mengle, respectfully announces to his old friends, and the public generally, that he is fully prepared to accommodate all who honor him with a call, and hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of custom. He will make it his study to render comfortable all who stop with him—and he invites Travellers, Movers, Drovers, and persons attending Court to give him a trial.

His stabling is of the best quality, and competent to accommodate a large number of horses, and it will always be attended by an obliging and attentive hostler.

Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month, or year, on reasonable terms.

Determined to spare neither pains nor expense to make his house what it should be, he confidently relies upon the public for a generous support.

JAMES S. BECKWITH.

March 31, 1854.

New Drug & Book Store.

WE wish it distinctly understood by this community and country, that we pay particular attention to the selection of our Drugs and Medicines, purchasing none but the *very best* and *purest articles.* We have for sale cheap all the approved popular patent medicines, *Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Medicines,* Pain Killer, and all the Sarsaparillas. Also Lubin's Extracts for the Handkerchief, fancy soaps, colognes, pommades, ox marrow, &c. We also keep constantly on hand a general assortment of *School & Miscellaneous Books,* Blank Books, Cap and Post Paper, &c., &c., &c. In fact, if you want anything in the Drug, Medicine, Book, Soap or Brush line, call at the New Drug and Book Store and you *shall* be accommodated.

B. F. HARRY.

Jan. 13, 1854.

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

The subscriber has on hand a large assortment of LUMBER of the best quality, among which is 100,000 Shingles, of different kinds; 75,000 feet of superior Boards, and a splendid lot of Locust Posts. Builders, and others in want of Lumber, will find it to their advantage to examine his large assortment.

F. D. BEEGLE.

Jan. 14, 1853.

GUN SMITHING.

DANIEL B. BORDER respectfully informs the citizens of Bedford and vicinty that he has removed his shop to the house in the east end of Bedford, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh, where he is prepared to manufacture *Double and Single barrel Rifles* and *Double and Single barrel Shot Guns* of the best quality.

☞All repairing of guns, locks, &c., done with neatness and despatch.

May 26, 1854.

Life Insurance.

Key Stone Mutual Life Insurance Company of Harrisburg, Pa., has a Guarantee Capital of $75,000.

President, Hon. LUTHER REILEY, M. D. Pamphlets, Circulars and all necessary information can be obtained by calling at the office of the subscriber, authorized agent for Bedford County.

C. N. HICKOK, Agent.

SAMUEL D. SCOTT, M. D. Medical Examiner.

October 10, 1851.

GLOBE HOTEL,

West Pitt Street, Bedford, Pennsylvania.

VALENTINE STECKMAN, *Proprietor.*

April 7, 1854.—1y.*

TIN & COPPER WARE.

THE subscriber is prepared to furnish, wholesale and retail, Tin and Copper Ware in great variety, on the most reasonable terms.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

The Great Purifier of the Blood!

NOT A PARTICLE OF MERCURY IN IT.

Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder!

An Infallible Remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Postules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Ague and Fever, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, Lumbago, Spinal Complaints, and all Diseases arising from an Injudicious Use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

☞This great alterative medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, "CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE." Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remedy.

For all Diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mantling to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of.

The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no Humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Call on the AGENT and get a Circular and Almanac, and read the wonderful cures this truly greatest of all medicines has performed.

None genuine unless signed BENNETT & BEERS, Proprietors, No. 3 Pearl Street, Richmond, Va.: to whom all orders for supplies and agencies must be addressed.

Sold by Dr. F. C. REAMER, Bedford; J. M. BARNDOLLAR, Bloody Run: A. B. BUNN, Schellsburg, and by Dealers in Medicines everywhere. Oct. 20, 1854.—1y.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

Dyspepsia, Jaundice,

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits,

CAN BE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY

DR. HOOFLAND'S

CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS,

Prepared by

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

No. 120 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are, withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

J. D. SPRING, Laceyville, Pa., April 6, 1854, says: "I can get you some good certificates for your German Bitters in this vicinity if you wish them. A lady purchasing some of it this week, says that it is by far the best medicine she ever knew, having done her and her daughmuch good, &c."

S. B. LAWSON, Benfard's Store, Somerset Co., Pa., August 15, 1853, says: "I am much attached to your German Bitters, having used two bottles of it, which I procured from S. Kurtz, your agent at Somerset, and found great relief from in disease of the Liver. I find it has great effect upon my lungs, strengthening and invigorating them, which, as I am a public speaker, is a great help to me."

DR. GILES, Newton Hamilton, Pa., May, 1851, said: I have used myself half a dozen bottles of your German Bitters for Liver complaint and diseases of a nervous character, resulting from the abuse of mercury. I was poisoned and afflicted with spasms from the use of this latter article. The German Bitters is the first article from which I obtained any relief. I have also given the article to many dyspeptics, with the most salutary result. I think as many more bottles will cure me."

J. C. YOUNG, Esq., of Dauphin, Pa., writes May 5, 1851: "I was afflicted with General Debility, Intestinal weakness and Costiveness, for which I used many different remedies without relief. I at last used your Hoofland's German Bitters. I took a few bottles according to directions, and was completely cured. I have not been so healthy for ten years as I have been since I took your Bitters, which is about one year ago."

The Bitters are ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, always strengthening the system and never prostrating it.

Sold by dealers in medicine and storekeepers everywhere. And by

Dr. F. C. Reamer, Bedford, Pa.

Oct. 20, 1854.—1y.

DOCTOR YOURSELF!

The Pocket Æsculapius; or every one his own Physician.

The 30th Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the human system in every form and shape. To which is added a Treatise on the Diseases of Females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG, M. D.

Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the ÆSCULAPIUS to his child; it may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life without reading the POCKET ÆCULAPIUS. Let no one suffering from a hacknied Cough, Pain in the Side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physician, be another moment without consulting the ÆSCULAPIUS. Have the married, or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

☞Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE CENTS enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this work by mail, or five copies will be sent for One Dollar.

Address, (post paid,) Dr. WM. YOUNG,
No. 152 Spruce St., Philadelphia.

June 1, 1855.—1y.

Cooking Stoves.

On hand and just receiving a lot of new patterns of Cooking Stoves, for wood and coal, at

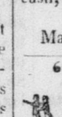
BLYMIRES.

In addition to his former stock, the subscriber has received a splendid assortment of Brass, Bell Mettle, Iron and English Kettles, which will please all in want of the article,—also a variety of other articles useful for house keepers. He has also on hand a lot of pump chains and fixtures, all of which will be sold low for cash, or on a short credit.

GEORGE BLYMIRE.

May 19, 1854.

"Fellow Citizens!"



Do you want to *leave your measure* for a FASHIONABLE SUIT OF CLOTHES, warranted to give satisfaction in STYLE, QUALITY, FIT and MAKE? Do you want to see a *large and splendid Stock of*

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

and other seasonable goods for *MEN'S WARE?* Do you want to see a *fine assortment of* COATS, PANTS and VESTS, gotten up in a style not inferior to the best ordered work? Do you want Under Garments of the "*right stripe,*" or FURNISHING ARTICLES that "*can't be beat,*" or

BOY'S CLOTHING

for your Sons? In short, if you want *all* or *any* of these things so essential to the adornment and comfort of the "outer man," call on

STEPHEN'S, Merchant Tailor,
McKaig's Row, Baltimore Street (next door to Campbell's Drug Store,) Cumberland, Md.

☞If you want an OUTFIT of

CHEAP READY-MADE CLOTHING,

I would advise you to call at the RAILROAD CLOTHING STORE, near the Depot.

May 19, 1854—1y.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell, at private sale, his valuable Property, situate in Union Township, Bedford County, Pa., on which he at present resides, containing 50 acres of patented land, 30 of which are cleared and under post and rail fence, the balance well timbered with good saw timber. This property is on the waters of Bobbs' Creek, 4 miles north of Adolphus Ake's Mill, on the public road leading from Bedford to Johnstown or Jefferson, within 12 miles of Jefferson, and 16 miles of Hollidaysburg. The improvements are a Stone Grist Mill, with two run of Stones, one pair first rate French Burrs, with good merchant and country Bolts, and a complete Smut Machine. The Machinery is all good and substantial, and is partly new. The water power is sufficient during the entire year, and the custom is good and plenty of it. There is also a new Saw Mill on the premises, which will cut from 1500 to 2000 feet of Lumber a day inch measure, which is ready sale at the Mill. One of the Dwelling Houses is a three story frame, suitable for a public House or Store House, and is well finished. There are three other dwellings, two frame and one log house, also a frame stable and Wagon Shed, and other necessary buildings.

Also, will be sold, another Tract of Land containing 300 acres, about 75 acres of which are cleared, of which 10 are good meadow with facilities for making 20 or 30 more. The balance well timbered and well watered by the Bobbs' Creek running through it. There is on the premises an excellent site calculated for either Grist Mill or Saw Mill, with head and fall of 22 feet. There is a variety of choice fruit trees on the farm. The buildings are one good Log House and Stable and other outbuildings. Also, will be sold, 640 acres of good timber land, convenient to the Saw Mill, on which are the very best of saw logs. The above land is all patented, and a clear and indisputable title will be made to the purchaser or purchasers. Those wishing to purchase good property, will learn the conditions, (which will be moderate,) by calling with the subscriber, residing on the first named property.

CASELTON AKE.

July 21, 1854.

TOOTH ACHE.—Persons are not generally aware that Dr. Keyser's Tooth Ache remedy, prepared by him at 140 Wood Street, Pittsburg, Pa. and for sale at Rupp & Oster's in this place will stop immediately an aching tooth. Whoever tries it will be convinced.

Dec. 8, 1854.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

The subscriber would announce to his old friends and customers, and the public in general, that he has permanently located himself in Juliana Street, next door to Dr. REAMER'S Drug & Book Store, where he is prepared to execute all orders in his line in a superior manner, on reasonable terms. From long experience in the business, he feels confident he can render satisfaction to all who honor him with a call.

He constantly keeps on hand ready-made clothing, of every description, for Men and Boys—also, a superior assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETTS, SILK, SATIN, and other VESTINGS, and Summer Wear, which he will sell as low as they can be bought elsewhere, and make them up to the taste of the purchaser.

He also keeps a general assortment of Cravats, Stocks, Collars, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, &c.

He hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

WM. SCHAFFER.

June 9, 1854.

TO THE MILLINERY TRADE.

JOHN STONE & SONS,

Importers and Dealers in

FRENCH MILLINERY GOODS,

No. 45 South Second Street, PHILADELPHIA,

Are now prepared to offer their customers and the trade an unusually large and well selected assortment of RIBBONS, SATINS, VELVETS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, LACES, and every other article appertaining to the Millinery trade.

☞Our stock being of our own direct importation, offers great advantages both in styles and prices.

Oct. 13, 1851.—1y.